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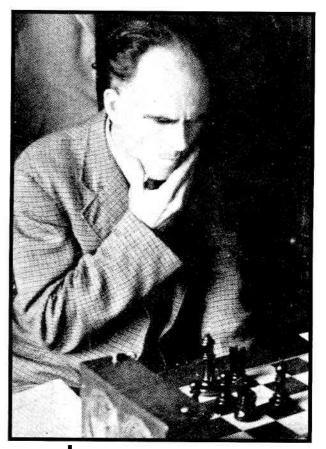
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Volume 25 Number 2

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Alan Linnell Fletcher 1908-1999

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STOP PRESS

Zonal tournaments

The zonal tournament held in Surfers' Paradise from April 13 - 21 was won by FM Vladimir Feldman, with 7/9. Feldman drew 4 games and lost none, and his performance rating of 2499 showed that he played well above his FIDE rating of 2330.

IM Russell Dive finished in a tie for second on 6, with WIM Irina Berezina-Feldman (2230) and David Smerdon (2173). Alexei Kulashko scored 5 to place 5= in the field of 24 players - all from Australia except the two New Zealanders.

Dive's only loss was a surprise defeat by Berezina-Feldman in round 1, and he won 4 and drew 4 of the other games. In round 9 he won from GM Johansen when the GM did not defend against a mate in one - he was reported to be distracted by the game for top place!

Laura Moylan, 7½/10, won the women's zonal from a field of 6 Australians.

Full report and games in next issue.

North Island Championship

The 1999 North Island Championship will be played in Hamilton and experimental changes in the format have been adopted by NZCF at the request of Hamilton CC. Details are given in the preliminary invitation to enter being circulated with this issue of NZ Chess and in the NZCF Council report.

Graded teams event

Wanganui CC is holding a graded teams event for players in the southern half of the North Island on Saturday, May 22. To equalise the strength of teams, this experimental format allows only one highly-rated player in each team, and requires at least one low-rated player.

New Zealand Chess

Vol 25 Number 2

April 1999

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- 6 This is a sad issue of NZ Chess. We pay tribute to the 60-plus-year association with many facets of the game which has been broken with the death of Alan Fletcher.
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THE NEXT ISSUE: Tributes to Ortvin Sarapu plus report and games from the zonal in Surfers' Paradise and usual features.

IM Ortvin Sarapu, New Zealand's Mr Chess, died at his home in Auckland on April 13, at the age of 75. He was the dominant figure on the New Zealand chess scene for more than 40 years after his arrival in 1950, and numerous tributes have been paid to him as a chess player and teacher, as a sportsman and as a family man.

In its next issue New Zealand Chess will record a special tribute and acknowledgement of Ortvin Sarapu's enormous contribution to New Zealand chess.

1999 Latvian Gambit Open

By Paul Spiller

The 1999 Latvian Gambit tournament attracted 56 players, a bit down on the previous year or two, but it clashed with Auckland's round-the-bays run, so the entry was still o.k.

The Open had the Chessmaster 6000 programme entered, which was a bit of a wild-card but unlikely to influence the overall result since a lot of the top players (Alexei Kulashko, Leonard McLaren, Ortvin Sarapu, Peter Green, Peter Stuart, Paul Garbett) chose not be paired against it, even though there was an incentive going.

Graham Banks had to find a suitable time control for the Chessmaster that wouldn't let it play too fast, but also not to let it run short of time. It had clinical wins against Igor Bjelobrk and Antonio Krstev, but Nigel Hopewell forced a perpetual check and Robert Goris seemed to pick the right formula of playing quickly. He pulled off a bit of an upset win in the last round - and picked up a bonus \$100 cheque from the sponsor,. Roadshow Entertainment.

Last year's winner, Kulashko, beat Smith and Garbett in successive rounds and after 4 rounds was already a point clear of the field with 4/4. In the last two rounds this allowed him the luxury of quick draws against Sarapu

GM Sermek coming to Congress

Paul Spiller reports that GM Drazen Sermek, of Slovenia, winner of the Fencible Masters tournament, has confirmed his entry into this year's New Zealand Championship.

Howick-Pakuranga CC and NZCF are hopeful of attracting several more top overseas players, and with a strong field it is expected that IM norms will be available

Alternative sponsorship possibilities, following the withdrawal of the Bob Jones support, are being explored.

and McLaren, to claim first place with 5/6.

There was a 7-way tie for second on 4 points (not counting Chessmaster, which finished on 4½ and was not eligible for prize money). The runner-up placing was shared by Garbett, Smith, McLaren, Green, Sarapu, Goris and Bjelobrk.

Bjelorbk showed marked improvement with wins over Sarapu, Hilton Bennett and Krstev, and draws with Green and Stuart. He lost only to Chessmaster.

Vivian Smith finished strongly with 3 wins, after 3 early losses, so can be pleased with a 50% showing in this strong field.

Hopewell was half a point behind the placegetters on 3, and other scores were: Krstev, G Gill, N Latimer, J Davis, W Lynn, V Smith, R Perry, 3; P Stuart, M Burn 2½; S McLeod, A Dunn, C Blaxall, B Giles, R Beesley 2; H Bennett 1; M Geneturk 0.

Under 1700

Under-1700 competition was very hard-fought. The pre-tournament favourites were G Pocock, A Taupaki and F Fuatai (who, with a standard rating close to 2000 was badly under-rated). A lot of interest was taken in 9-year-old prodigy Puchen Wang, who I think was playing in his first event outside junior events.

As expected Fuatai and Taupaki led the at the half-way stage, but were matched by the previously unrated newcomer, D Belsham. Taupaki and Belsham drew in round 4, while Fuatai beat Puchen Wang to take the lead. Fuatai and Taupaki drew in round 5, while Belsham beat M LeBrocq to share the lead with Fuatai.

In the final round Fuatai beat Belsham to win on 5½/6, and as Taupaki drew with Pocock this left Fuatai a full point clear of another multiple tie.

Fuatai Fuatai has been a regular player in both Papatoetoe and Howick-Pakuranga

Chess Clubs and has won two Howick-Pakuranga club championships.

Puchen was held to a draw by D Simpson in round 3 and then lost to leader Fuatai in round 4, but finished strongly with two wins to claim a share of second place. Not bad for a 9-year-old! We can expect big things from this talented younster in years to come.

Joining Puchen in second place on 4½ were Taupaki, Pocock, Simpson and Belsham. Other scores were: C Wilson, M LeBrocq, A Booth 4; M Chilvers, R Smith 3½; J Cater, T Evans, K Williams, C Chilvers, G Judkins, W Alafaapae, M Alafaapae, R Utai 3; H Courtney, A Howard, K Van den Bosch 2½; T Gothorp, B Cooze, A Sullivan, M Oehley 2; C Darch 1½; H Hromic, M Jackson 1.

Bob Gibbons again did a splendid job as tournament director, with all rounds starting on time and the event running smoothly.

Prizes were presented by club patron, 88-year-old Janis Borovkis, whose generosity has made the continuation of this event possible.

Howick-Pakuranga CC is now looking forward to the millenium congress at the Waipuna Conference Centre and will be sending out preliminary details soon!

Goris,R - Chessmaster 6000

Latvian Gambit, Auckland

1.d4 2f6 2.2f3 d5 3.2f4 c5 4.c3 4b6 5.4b3 2c6 6.e3 c4 7.\(\psi\)xb6 axb6 8.2bd2 g6 9.\(\Quad e^2\) Qg7 10.0-0 0-0 11.h3 Qf5 12.2h4 Qd7 13.2hf3 Hfc8 14.Hfc1 b5 15.De5 Of5 16.Od1 h6 17.9h2 2xe5 18.9xe5 Ra6 19.a3 2d7 Qg6 24.He1 He6 25.Pf2 h5 26.g4 Hh8 27.Qg2 2d3 28.a4 bxa4 29.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xa4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)b6 30.\(\mathbb{Z}\)a2 e6 31.Qf1 hxg4 32.hxg4 \(\frac{1}{2}\)h2+ 33.\(\frac{1}{2}\)g2 \(\frac{1}{2}\)f8 34. \$\Phig1 \quad \text{Hh8 35. \$\Phif1 \quad \text{hh7 36. }\text{Hea1 } \phie7 37. \$\text{Qe2}\$ Фd7 38.Qd1 Дс8 39.Дс1 Фe7 40.Qc2 Qxc2 41. Exc2 Eh8 42. Φg2 2d7 43. Ec1 f5 44. Eh1 \(\Pi\xh1\) 45.\(\Pi\xh1\) fxg4 46.\(\Phi\g2\) \(\Phi\fit{6}\) 47.\(\Phi\g3\) gxf3 48. \$\psi xf3 \$\psi d6 49. \$\psi g3 \$\pi c6 50. \$\pi a7 \$\pi c7 51. \$\pi a3\$ e5 52.b3 b6 53.\(\mathbb{Z}\) a6 cxb3 54.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xb6+ \(\psi\)e7 55.∄xb3 e4 56.Ŷb1 g4 1–0

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Chess a sport in Britain

Britain's Sports Minister Tony Banks announced in March that chess is to be classified as a sport in Britain - a breakthrough that will be hailed throughout the chess world. This decision will assist FIDE in negotiations with the IOC, and also will help national chess bodies to gain greater recognition in their countries.

NZCF president Peter Stuart and Howick-Pakuranga CC president Paul Spiller have applauded the British decision, and hope that with chess up for selection as a demonstration sport at the Sydney 2000 Olympics further recognition is on the way.

Paul Spiller says chess has just as much legitimacy as a sport as archer or rifle shoot-

NZ Chess

NZ Chesing.

+ Alan Linnell Fletcher

By Ted Frost

When Alan Fletcher died in Hamilton on March 15, at the age of 90, New Zealand chess lost a stalwart who had been active for more than 60 years as a player (over the board and in correspondence), in administration, and as editor of the country's first successful chess magazine.

Alan's early association with chess was recorded in a 1952 issue of the *New Zealand Chessplayer*, which said that he became acquainted with chess at the age of 27 and joined the Auckland Chess Club. He made steady progress and by 1952 had won the ACC championship once, the Auckland championship twice and in addition collected 5 games prizes and won many lightning tourneys.

Alan had also played a significant part in the club's administration for more than a decade, including three years as treasurer. He was elected a life member of the club.

Winning the Auckland championship and getting high places in the Major Open at Congress opened the way for Alan's selection in the New Zealand Championship. He came 4= in the 56th championship in Wanganui in 1948-49, and his wins over David Lynch (runner-up) and Harold McNabb (3rd) helped A E Nield take the title. Alan Fletcher was 7th in the next championship in Auckland and 4= on 6 points in the 59th championship in Napier, where Ortvin Sarapu took his first New Zealand title.

I do not have details of Alan's playing record in correspondence chess, but there were many successes in his half-century of active play.

Huge administrative contribution

Away from the chess board Alan's contribution was extensive. Both correspondence and over-the-board chess have had periodic administrative problems, and after a boom period around 1950, correspondence chess drifted into a decline and by 1960 playing numbers were back down to where they had been in 1941. Alan Fletcher recalled in an historical look at NZCCA, in *E.P.35*, that the late Frank Tibbitts was instrumental in getting a change in correspondence headquarters from Wanganui to Auckland in that year, and Alan Fletcher took over as secretary. He held this position for 17 years - eventually deciding to retire and handing over to Wellington's Sandy Maxwell, who is still guiding NZCCA affairs 21 years later.

Alan purchased life membership of NZCCA under an old rule, but under new rules in 1978 he and his long-time friend and associate, David Lynch, of Hastings were elected as life members. David served many years as president of NZCCA, but two years ago when he decided the time had come to retire, who should be called back into service as president but Alan Fletcher. Alan accepted this appointment, which he held at the time of his death.

Magazine work

All these activities added up to a major contribution to the game, but they were overshadowed by Alan's role in establishing the country's first successful chess magazine. He worked as a linotype operator for the late Frederick George McSherry, a keen chess player who had taken over a printing works in 1940. In 1946 in informal discussion in the Dominion Road Chess Club - which was founded in 1945 by Mack, as McSherry was known - J W Simmons raised the possibility of starting a New Zealand chess magazine. Mack accepted the challenge. New Zealand Chessplayer was born in spring, 1947, as a quarterly publication which was initially the official publication of NZCCA and later became the official publication of the NZ Chess Association.

Mack was the editor and associates included C B Newick (now living in retirement in Whangarei), IM Bob Wade and Alan Fletcher. Eventually Alan took over as editor, and con-

tinued in this role after the death of Mack McSherry in 1953, until a Wellington group took over the publication in 1955.

Swiss system impasse

When I last saw Alan, when he looked in on a tournament in Hamilton a couple of years ago, he recalled an important event of that period in which he and I both had significant roles. In 1950 I moved back to Wellington from Hawke's Bay, where I had been secretary of the Waipukurau and Napier CC's and foundation secretary of the Hawke's Bay-East Coast Chess League. I was appointed Hawke's Bay delegate to NZCA, the predecessor of NZCF, and was welcomed as an uncommitted newcomer who might help the Council resolve a deadlock.

There was an even split in council, and among the clubs, on the introduction of the swiss system. Personalities were involved. I was asked to be chairman of the council, in spite of youth and inexperience, because in the divided council no-one else was acceptable to a majority of members.

Delegates were required to vote on matters of policy on instructions from their associations. Each time a vote was taken on introduction of the swiss system (which was at each meeting, and after acrimonious debate), the losers immediately gave notice that at the next meeting they would move a new motion to reject the previous decision. This went on for meeting after meeting, with all delegates in constant communication with their associations and requiring fresh voting instructions for every meeting. Other business went on the back-burner - everyone became exhausted by this wasteful process.

The situation was impossible and I found that I could do nothing about it. NZCA headquarters had always been in Wellington, and the solution which emerged was to move headquarters. Alan Fletcher took credit for this, because he took up the matter in an editorial in NZ Chessplayer, and I also take some credit because I believe I initiated the move as the only way out of the impasse.

So NZCA headquarters moved to Auckland and not long afterwards the swiss system was introduced for use in suitable tournaments.

It is timely to recall this piece of chess history, which to the best of my knowledge has not previously been recorded, because it marked a turning point in New Zealand chess administration, in which Alan Fletcher played a major part. In addition to paying tribute to Alan's contibution to chess in some many ways, I can acknowledge my special debt of gratitude for his part in finding a solution to that extremely difficult and unsatisfying situation.

Alan and his late wife Joan lived in retirement in Hamilton. He is survived by his five children, nine grandchildren and five greatgrandchildren.

Alan Fletcher's games

Here are two of Alan Fletcher's games, not necessarily his best, but key games in his over-the-board play. The first was his win over the runner-up which gave Alan the Auckland Chess League title in 1950.

Fletcher,A - Belton,C [C00]

Auckland CL Championship, 1950
Notes by A E Turner

1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.2c3 2b4 4.e5 c5 5.a3 cxd4

The normal line is 5...\(\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$c}\$}} \text{\$4} \) 6.bxc3 \(\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\$}}}} \) after which White has no certain advantage, though 7.\(\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\$}\$}} \) g4 and h4 are both very difficult to meet.

6.axb4 dxc3 7.\psig4

The most aggressive move. It is curious that the "natural" 7.bxc3 gives White an unsatis—factory game after 7... C7. But by giving up the A, White gets a strong initiative and an enduring command of the board. This is why Black seldom plays 5...bxc3.

7...Фf8 8.Дf3 cxb2

Black succumbs to the temptation to hold the \(\Delta \) for good. The wiser course was to forget the \(\Delta \) and to erect a bastion on the \(\Delta \)—side by

23 rel move not given below possibly 23. h3 Ng7

7...a5, followed by 2a6, 2c6-e7 and 26-c5.

9.@xb2 €h6

This should be preceded by ...h5, since now the 分 can never settle at f5 because the immediate reaction g4. On h6 he intensifies the existing congestion, for neither the h nor g A can now move, and the 包 is going to be very hard to develop.

10.學f4 學c7

Looks good, for it attacks the c-A and pins the e-A.

11.Ձd3 g8

Leaving open the dark diagonal on which White's $\square \Omega$ is so often effective against the Winawer. In addition there is now a mild threat of ...f6, which could not be played at once (12.exf6, winning a \square).

12.學g5

Not 12. \$\mathbb{\psi} g_3\$, as ... \$\hat{2}\$if 5 would upset White's game. Now there is a latent threat of mate at d8, embarrassing to Black.

12...£c6

A sounder-looking move would be hard to find, and yet this leads directly to worse difficulties for Black. Not improbably he is in a losing position already.

13.b5

The only move to keep the initiative, but very effective.

13...£b4

13... 全a5 is no improvement and ... 免b8 or .. 免d8 would be abject. 13... 免e7 is smashingly refuted by 14.b6 \(\psi\)d8 (14... \(\psi\)d7 15.\(\psi\)xa7 \(\psi\)b8 16.\(\Qa\)a3 \(\phi\)c6 17.\(\Qa\)b5, followed by 18.\(\Qa\)d6) 15.\(\psi\)xa7 \(\psi\)b8 (15...\(\psi\)xa7 16.\(\psi\)a3 \(\phi\)f8 18.\(\Qa\)xe7+ \(\psi\)xe7 19.a8\(\psi\)+) 16.\(\Qa\)a3 \(\phi\)f8 17.\(\Qa\)d6.

14.0-0 b6

This looks slow, but there seems nothing better. Black cannot keep the hostile ₩② out, e.g., 14...a5 15.Ձa3 \Bb87 16.c3 \Dxd3 17.Ձd6 and wins.

15.**£a3**

Finely judged. The open file more than compensates White for parting with his less useful \mathfrak{Q} .

15...2xd3 16.cxd3 a5

Staking everything on a \$\Psi\$—side superiority in the endgame, if there should be one. But the necessary move was 16...\(\Delta\)f5 17.g4 h6 18.\(\Psi\)d2 \(\Delta\)e7, followed by ...\(\Delta\)a and ...\(\Delta\)e8. Of course, Black should still lose.

17.⊈d6

Strong, but there was a stronger move in 17.g4 with the nasty threat of \$\mathbb{Q}e7-f6\$ and \$\mathbb{U}xg7++. If Black tries 17...\$\mathbb{E}a7\$, then 18.\$\mathbb{E}fc1\$ \$\mathbb{U}d7\$ 19.\$\mathbb{Q}e7\$ \$\mathbb{U}e8\$ 20.\$\mathbb{Q}f6\$ \$\mathbb{U}f8\$ 21.\$\mathbb{Z}xc8\$. 17...\$\mathbb{U}d7\$, aiming at f8, thus permitting White's \$\mathbb{Q}37-f6\$, allows White a tremendous advantage also.

17... 學d7 18. 耳fc1 公f5

At last! Now Black's whole &-side can come to life. But White still has a powerful weapon in the c-file.

19.፲c7 Ψe8 20.፲ac1 h6 21.Ψd2 Φh7 22.Ψc2 g6

This hardly seems necessary yet. 22...\(\text{Qd7}\), followed by ...\(\text{Ec8}\), would probably have permitted a longer resistance. 23.g4\(\text{Qg7}\) The intention behind his last move. The alternative was 23...\(\text{2xd6}\) 24.exd6\(\text{Qd7}\) 25.\(\text{Qe5}\) \(\text{Ed8}\) (25...\(\text{Qxb5}\) 26.\(\text{Qxf7}\)) 26.\(\text{2xd7}\) \(\text{Exd7}\) 27.\(\text{Uc6}\) followed, whether Black exchanges \(\text{Es}\) so r not, by \(\text{Uxb6}\), and the two separated, advanced passed \(\text{As}\) must win.

24.且e7 **學xb5**

If 24... \$\mathbb{U}\$g8 25. \$\mathbb{U}\$c7 wins.

The best chance was 25... \$\psi 8 26. \$\psi 7 \bar{2}g8\$. But then 27.g5, and White wins after 27... \$\mu 5, ... \$\mu 5\$ or \$\alpha 4\$.

26.2d4 ₩a4

Otherwise the 2 goes.

27. \$\psi xa4 \ \text{Qxa4} \ 28. \text{2}xe6 \ \text{Ehg8} \ 29. \text{Ecc7} \ d4 \ 30. \text{2}xg7 \ \text{Qb3} \ 31. \text{2}e6+ \ Mate in 3.

White's play was very energetic and mostly NZ Chaess

When Alan Fletcher won the following game, it deprived David Lynch of the chance of winning the New Zealand title (David finished half a point behind A E Nield, but won the title two years later). Alan finished 4= on 6½, ahead of A W Gyles and T Lepviikman.

Fletcher, A - Lynch, D

56th NZ Championship, Wanganui, 1949 Notes by A Pickett

1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.£f3 £f6 4.g3 dxc4?

Best here is 2bd2. Why give White control of the long diagonal?

5.⊈g2 **⊈e7**

6.0-0 0-0 7.2bd2 2bd7 8.2xc4 c5

Too late. This exchange of As actually gives White two moves ahead with a free game. Black is cramped and worried. c6 is better.

9.b3 cxd4 10.2xd4 a6?

Making another hole for White to plug into. Note how difficult things are for Black – every move he makes leaves White two jumps ahead. ...h6, anticipating White's 17th move, is preferable.

11.\(\Quad b\) \(\text{2} \) \(\Quad c\) \(\Quad c\) \(\Quad \) \(\Quad c\) \(\Quad a\) \(\Quad c\) \(\Quad a\) \(\Quad c\) \(

...2d5 or ...h6 is called for. Black does not yet see the force of White's attack.

15.£e5 ₩d8 16.\fatafd1 £d5 17.£e5

From now on Black has only "here's hop-ing" left.

17...h6 18.\(\text{\Pi}\)xf6 hxg5 19.\(\text{\Pi}\)xe7 \(\text{\Pi}\)xe7 20.\(\text{\Pi}\)b6 \(\text{\Pi}\)d7 21.\(\text{\Pi}\)xa8

White is merciful. \$\Psi\$c7 and Black's game is gone.

21...∃xa8 22.@xd5 exd5 23.∃xd5 £e5 24.₩c5 ∃e8 25.₩xe7 ∃xe7

White won in another 22 moves, 1-0

† LJ Kiley

Correspondence chess lost another of its most valued members when Len Kiley died on December 29 last year. Len was one of the team who ran NZCCA when its headquarters moved from Wangaui to Auckland (see the article on Alan Fletcher), and Alan supplied NZCCA secretary Sandy Maxwell with the following details of Len's service.

Len, who was 87, was the original handicap director when the NZCCA headquarters shifted to Auckland in 1960, and spent two seasons knocking the tourney into shape. Then pressure of work in his State Department obliged him to seek a successor. He helped to give the Auckland-based association a very good start in its renewed life.

Len was elected vice-president of NZCCA in the 1960s and became a life member in 1973. His chess continued until about 10 years ago, when failing eyesight became a problem.

He is survived by his wife, Rona, and two sons, Father Peter and John.

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† Grant Jeffery Lezard

By Mark Sinclair

In some ways I don't feel qualified enough to write this obituary about a man who displayed many talents and was walking in the prime time of his life when he tragically passed away, saddening many.

Grant Jeffrey Lezard, who was 29, was a born and bred patriotic Wellingtonian who had a fantastic zest for life that I saw in no other. Right from his early days at Rongotai College he displayed a passion for the game of chess. An example of his play in school days is given on page 116 of the October 1987 issue of NZ Chess.

Grant qualified for the NZ Schoolpupils finals that year and finished a creditable third equal behind Auckland's Jason des Forges and his good friend Todd Stevenson. Later in life Grant and Todd were to holiday in Hawaii which Grant thought was a fantastic trip, and he would usually tell the tales of that trip with the help of photos taken on the beach there.

Apart from his chess, Grant was a cricket and rugby fanatic who was very loyal to his Wellington Lions, supporting them at Athletic park many times, and always having his viewpoint on who should make the All Black squad. Most chess players that I have spoken to were surprised to hear that he had a talent for tennis. Grant was the Miramar club champion during his time at the club and always helped out the up-and-comers. Often the boys would have gathered at his place and he would disappear for a little while during one of those warm summer afternoons, and then he would return for some more of whatever was going down. Where had he gone? Just up to the University courts for a "few hits" with a mate or two.

Grant gained his Bachelor of Computer Science degree from Victoria University and was very keen on most aspects of computing. I remember a few times that he snuck the boys in for a few late night sessions on the internet as that was a real novelty in those days.

Grant was also into various music groups, notably rock'n'roll, and made a few trips to Auckland to see his favourite bands, during his University breaks. He was very thrilled to see the Rolling Stones live in concert.

Grant was known in his later days as "Grobler" (nothing to do with the goalkeeper Grobbelaar I'm told) and few will forget his witty sense of humour and cackly laugh. There are many a good tale about Grant, too many to note down here, but if you are ever in Wellington, you may meet people from various walks of life that are still raving about the man who had one of the biggest hearts that I ever knew.

After Grant got his degree and saved up enough money from his many office hours working databases and using spreadsheets, he left for a better position in a firm in Australia. On the 27th December 1998, Grant was tragically drowned in the early hours of the day on Coogee beach in Sydney.

Glad to have known you Grobler mate. Will miss the transfer and analysis sessions round at your place, the eventful trips north, the "girlie biscuit" wind-ups and Grobler shakes... the life in you.

Not many of Grant's games are well known, but I consider this to be one of his best achievements. It was played during a fundraising simultaneous display on July 29, 1995.

Lezard, G - Ker, A

Ker simultaneous, Johnsonville Mall, 1995 Notes by Mark Sinclair

1.e4 d6

As loyal as one ever could be to the Pirc Defence.

2.d4 2f6 3.2c3 g6 4.2e3

Grobler always had latest lines up his sleeve. This is one of the most popular variations of the decade, endorsed also by Jonathan Sarfati, his club captain.

4...**£**g7 5.**₽**d2 c6 6.**₽**d3 b5

Only very good players succeed with the Black pieces in this opening, because Black is left to his own devices to formulate a plan of action. Grandmaster Kotov classifies the opening in the "spring" class. Here Anthony uncoils some counterplay on the #-side.

7.£f3 0-0

Perhaps this is a bit committal. Now White has a definite plan of action. Better was to continue "uncoiling" the \$\mathbb{U}\$—side.

8.2h6 2bd7 9.0-0-0

9.\text{\ti}\text{\texitex{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texitit{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texiti}}}\tint{\text{\texitilex{\text{\texitex{\texit{\text{\text{\tex

9...b4 10.2e2 a5 11.h4

Sending out the boy! But Black still has a resource -

11... Ee8?!

- which is certainly not this waste of time. Now Black is on the back foot.

11...@xh6!? 12.\\xh6 2\g4

This is the idea, designed to take out one of the \mathbb{E}s just before the attack reaches full steam.

13. 4d2 9xf2 14.h5 9xd1

15.hxg6 fxg6

15... 2f2? 16. \(\Pixh7 \) 2g4 17. \(\Pig5+-. \)

16.4h6 至f7 17.2g5 學f8!

The sliding defence.

18.2xf7 \wxf7 19.\psyxd1 \Deltaf6

And Black is a A up in this unclear position.

Defending h6 is the only move.

14.hxg6 fxg6 15.e5

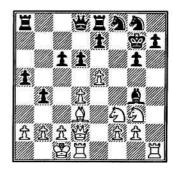
Splitting Black in two, but missing a knock—out punch.

15.買xh7+

Up the sideline!!

15...Ŷf8 16.Ŷg3 Ŷg4

To eliminate a dangerous attacker.



17.型g5!

The best move of the game. White allows his As to be shattered, but Grobler has his own ideas.

17...@xf3 18.gxf3 e6 19.\g4 \a248a7

20.2e4 d5 21.2d6 Hee7 22.f4

"First Phase" - Grobler.

22...£h6?

The decisive mistake. 22...\$\delta\$h8\$\square\$ 23.\$\text{W}\$p8 24.\$\text{E}\$dg1 \$\text{E}\$g7 25.\$\text{E}\$g3. White is a lot healthier and can meet any ...4, ...b3 attacks with a3, but at least Black is still alive, thanks to the missed opportunity on move 15.

23. Exh6! \$\psi\$xh6 24.f5

"Second Phase" - Grobler.

24...**ф**g7

24...exf5 25.2xf5+ gxf5 26.\(\mathbb{E}\)h1#.

NZ Chess 25.f6+ Φg8 26.fxe7 Exe7 27.f4+-

NZ Ches

By David Capper

Civic Easter

Third Phase!!

27...c5 28.dxc5 Ec7 29.f5 exf5 30.\texts Eg7 31.\texts e4 \text{ \texts } \tex

Another tribute

By Earl N Roberts

The passing of Grant Lezard should be noted with great sadness. I had the pleasure of first meeting Grant when I represented Kapiti CC in an interclub match against Wellington. Grant not only made an impression as a fine chess player but as a fine sportsman as well.

Roberts, E - Lezard, G

[B21]

Interclub match Kapiti CC, 1995 Notes by Earl Roberts

1.e4 c5 2.£f3 £c6 3.d4 cxd4 4.c3 dxc3 5.£xc3 d6 6.&c4 e6 7.0-0 &e7 8.&f4 e5 9.&e3 £f6 10.\(\psi e2 \) 0-0 11.\(\psi fd1 \) a6 12.a3?! b5 13.\(\psi a2 \) &e6 14.\(\psi xe6?!-+ \)

Only marginally better is 14.2d5 @xd5 15.exd5 2a7∓.

14...fxe6 15.里ac1 里c8 16.全g5 豐d7 17.f4 Maybe 17.b4!?∓.

17...h6 18.2f3 2g4 19.fxe5 2cxe5 20.2xe5 2xe5 21.2d4 2c4 22.\(\frac{1}{2}\)g4?

This makes Black's position a good winning one.

22... 2g5 23. \(\frac{1}{2} \) 2e3 24. \(\frac{1}{2} \) 2e3 \(\frac{1} \) 2e3 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 2e3 \(\frac^2 \) 2e3 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 2e3 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 2e3 \(\frac{1}

At the least, not best. 29... Hees 30.2 xe3 dxe3 should win easily for Black.

30.Ee7 h5 31.Exf7 hxg4 32.Exf2 Exf2 33.2e7+ \$\psi\$f7 34.2xc8 g3 35.2d6+ \$\phi\$e6 36.2e4 Exb2 37.2xg3 \$\phi\$e5 38.\$\phi\$h2 \$\pi\$b3

38... \(\Pi a \) 39. \(\Pi e 1 + \phi d \) 40. \(\phi g 1 \pm \) looks better.

39.\(\Pexists a1 \psi f4 40.\Delta h5+ \psi e3 41.\Delta xg7 d3 42.\Delta f5+ \psi f4 43.\Delta d4 \Pexists c3 44.\Delta f5 \psi e3 45.h5 d2 0-1

Time. Unfortunately, in defending a lost position for most of the game I had fallen into severe time trouble and when my flag fell on about move 37 or 38, I waited for my then unknown opponent to claim the game, but we carried on. It was not until the Wellington team captain approached the board to claim the game at move 45, that I was treated to something I shall never forget – my opponent tell his own captain to b— off and that he wanted to complete the game whatever the outcome. It should be said in the many off—hand games we had subsequently, many of the company of a close friend, R Andrew Stanton, this was as close as I ever got to winning a game from Grant. A sad loss.

Auckland junior championship

Igor Bjelobrk decisively retained his Auckland junior championship title with an 8/8 picket fence in the annual tournament held on April 7 - 9.

Bjelobrk finished 2½ points clear of three runners-up on 5½ - Paul Godfrey, 9-year-old Puchen Wang and Colm Hartigan. Godfrey lost to Wang as well as to Bjelobrk, and drew with Hartigan. Hartigan lost to Godfrey as well as to Bjelobrk, and drew with Wang.

Wang lost only to Bjelobrk, but in addition to drawing with the other runners-up, also drew with M L Ah-Chee, who finished in a multiple tie for 5= on 5 points. The others on 5 points were P Sweetsur, H Cheng, M Chilvers, D Han and A Ashrafi.

Bjelobrk,I - Wang,P [A47]

1.d4 e6 2.£f3 £f6 3.£f4 b6 4.e3 £b7 5.£bd2
a6 6.£d3 d5 7.c3 £bd7 8.h3 £e7 9.0—0 0—0
10.₩e2 c5 11.a3 c4 12.£c2 b5 13.£e1 a5
14.f3 b4 15.e4 £e8 16.e5 £c7 17.£g3 bxc3
18.bxc3 £b5 19.£b1 ₩b6 20.£f2 ₭fb8 21.f4
g6 22.£f3 £c6 23.₩e1 a4 24.£h4 ₩d8
25.£xe7 ₩xe7 26.₩g3 £c7 27.₺a2 ₺f8 28.£g5
h5 29.£h7+ ₺g7 30.£f6 £e8 31.£xh5+ ₺f8
32.f5 exf5 33.£f4 £g7 34.£d2 ₺e8 35.£xg6
fxg6 36.₩xg6+ ₺d8 37.₩xc6 ₩g5 38.£f3
₩e3+ 39.₺h1 £h5 40.₩g6 £f4 41.₩g5+ ₺c7
42.₺e1 0—1

After some years of falling numbers, Civic decided to convert their traditional tournament into a one-day rapid, held in Turnbull House, Wellington. This resulted in a bigger field and an enjoyable day of chess (for some).

President John Gillespie welcomed 24 players. It was good to see Justin Davis, Michael Burn and Brent Cooze from Hawke's Bay, even if they did return empty-handed! Prince Vetharaniam headed the Wanganui contingent and Glenys Mills brought Kapiti players and her usual morale-building presence. The tournament was ably directed by Alan Aldridge.

Stephen Lukey was heading for a picket fence, but this was threatened in round 6 by Nic Croad, who had an extra bishop in a pawn

ending. Stephen converted a looming zero into a half, and won the event with 5½/6.

Prince Vetharaniam was second on 5, followed by Croad on 4½. Then came Justin Davis, Michael Burn, Matthew Kuch and Michael Haw 4; Alan Winfield, Robert Edwards 3½; Barry Williams, Lawrence Farrington, John Gillespie, Brent Southgate, Glenvs Mills. Gavin Dash 3.

Alan Winfield and Robert Edwards shared the first grade prize, and unrated Matthew Kuch and Michael Haw shared the second grade prize with 4 points. Mention should be made of Mike O'Rorke, who had to ascend three flights of stairs in a wheelchair (with help!) and smiled all the time.

Top-rated women and junior players

The top-rated registered junior and womplayers at the end of 1998 include juniors eligible in 1998, so were under 20 at 1 January last year. The standard ratings are:

	ı	Top 20 Under	20		4	4886	MACFARLANE AS	wT	1661
1	4872	BJELOBRK I	AC	1937	5	4493	HARRIS P	OT	1581
2	4393	DUNN AS	PT	1878		5138	MILLER C	PK	1558
3	5127	TRASS R	GA	1754		5268	WANG PC	WT	1549
4	5297	TKATCHENKO S	WE	1744		4798	HARTIGAN C		1548
5	4833	SAVAGE P		1724		4865	AH-CHEE ML	ÄĈ	1472
6	3987	MCNABB M	CA	1717	10	5073	VAN DER WAL T	HP	1437
7	5083	CROAD N		1683	11	5305	PEARSON D	CA	1426
8	4886	MACFARLANE A	WT	1661	12	5124	TRASS C	GA	1422
9	4796	GOUDIE D	WΤ	1644	13	5349	HAN D		1344
	4580	BATCHELOR A	OT	1609	14	5350	BAYER R		1330
	4885	GODFREY P		1601	15	5347	YANG		1259
	4493	HARRIS P	WA	1581	16	5345	LIN H		1212
	5138	MILLER C	PΚ	1558	17	5346	STANKOVIC B		1208
	5268	WANG PC	WT	1549	18	4736	SHEEHAN SB	HH	1206
	4798	HARTIGAN C	WT	1548					
	4497	SHEEHAN R	HH	1543			Top 10 women	n	
	4500	SHEEHAN T	HH	1524	1	METO	E KM	PT	1810
	4966	HALL C	CA	1487	2	SMIT		WT	1600
	4586			1474	3	SHEE	HAN R	HH	1543
20	4865	AH-CHEE ML	AC	1472	4		HAN T	HH	1524
	-	C 10 TT 1			5	KING	STON ZH	KP	1523
		Top 18 Under	10		6	MIKH	AILIK E	WT	1508
		BJELOBRK I	AC	1937	7	OTEN		AC	1472
			WE	1744	8	COUR	TNEY HK	GA	1319
		SAVAGE P	WE			MILLS		KP	1291
4	4886	MACFARLANEAS	WT	1661	10	SHEE	HAN SB	HH	1206

Selected games

Champion's congress games

The New Zealand champion, IM Russell Dive, annotates two of his Congress games.

Johnson, Q - Dive, RJ

[A58]

106th NZ Champ, Dunedin, R 9 Notes by IM Russell Dive

1.d4 9f6 2.c4 c5 3.d5 b5

At the time I thought the Benko would be a good choice of opening against Quentin.

An unnecessary move in this position, where time is of the essence.

12... 里a7 13. 如h4 包e8 14. f4 包c7 15. e4 型d7 16. 使h2?!

Better was 16.2f3, getting the 2 back into position.

16...2c4 17.\c2 2b5

Its now time to open up the \underset side, before White gets his pieces organised.

18.2xb5 ₩xb5 19.2f3

The alternative 19.2fl leads to 19...4b4 20.2e2 2b8 and the presure on White's 4-side is too much.

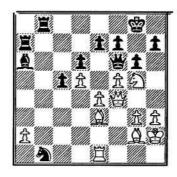
19...@xb2 20.\bar{\mathbb{H}}b1

Better is to simply take on b2, but the future is still not bright. 至b1 loses the exchange, but does provide some potentially dangerous counterplay. 20.a4 學b7 21.②xb2 學xb2 22.學xb2 ②xb2章.

20...£a3 21.₩xb2?

21...£xb1 22.∰f2 \(\extstyle{\textstyle{\textstyle{1}}}\) \(\extstyle{\textstyle{2}}\) \(\extstyle{2}\) \(\extstyle

24.2g5 \d4 25.Qe3 \ff6 26.\ff4



26...⊈d3!

Once again the precise move, which allows both Black \(\mathbb{B} \) access to White's second rank.

27.@xc5 \(\mathbb{E}\) xa2 28.\(\mathbb{E}\)d1 \(\mathbb{E}\)bb2 29.\(\mathbb{E}\)xd3 \(\mathbb{E}\)xg2+ 30.\(\mathbb{E}\)h1 \(\mathbb{E}\)a8 0-1

Dive, R (2335) - Gladkikh, A

[D53]

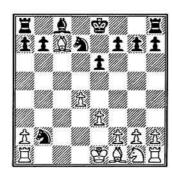
106th NZ Champ, R 10

Notes by IM Russell Dive

1.d4 d5 2.c4 e6 3.2c3 2f6 4.2g5 2e7 5.e3 2bd7 6.cxd5 2xd5 7.2xe7 2xc3?!

This dubious move leads to a good middle—game for White, because of the twos **Q**s and the weak black squares.

8.\Pxd8 \Dxd1 9.\Pxc7 \Dxb2



10.ଥିf3। NZ Chess Why an exclamation mark for a normal developing move? Because White avoids the extremely tempting 10.a4, which aims to trap Black's 2 on b2, but only succeeds in diluting White's advantage, e.g., 10.a4? 2b6 11.a5 26a4 12.2f3 2d7 13.2e2 2c8 14.2d6 2c2 and White's pieces are very uncoordinated.

10...2a4 11.\text{\text{\text{\$\text{2}}}}d6 a6 12.\text{\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\exititt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\

White is now ready to make trouble, while Black is still untangling his pieces.

14...2ab6 15.\(\mathbb{E}\)c7 \(\Delta\)d5 16.\(\mathbb{E}\)c2 \(\phi\)f7 17.a4!

An opportune moment to create a further weakness.

17...bxa4 18.Exa4 ปี7b6 19.Ea5

Black's position is now full of holes and it is just a matter of time before something falls off.

White threatened 21.e4, winning a piece.

21.@a3 Фg8 22.h4

To avoid any future nasty back rank mates.

22...Ea7 23.Dd2 D7b6? 24.Dc5 Ec7?

Loses an exchange. Better was 24...\(\mathbb{Z}\)b7, dropping the a-\(\mathbb{Z}\), although still with an unpleasant position.

25.e4 Exc5 26.dxc5 2b4 27.Ec3 2xd3 28.exb6

With an exchange up and a strong passed A on b6, the game is effectively over.

28...£e5 29.f3 &b7 30.£f1 &c6 31.Ha2 &f7 32.Hd2 &f67 33.Hxd8 &fxd8 34.£e3 &fd7 35.£c4 e5 36.Hd3+ &d4 37.£a5 &c6 38.\$f2 g5 39.hxg5 fxg5 40.Hc3

and Black lost on time. The threat of 41.b7 and taking twice on c6 cannot be stopped. 1-0

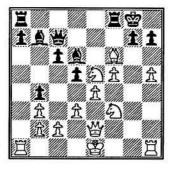
North Shore CC championship

Darryn Elliott has not played much of late and took a while to reach top form, starting with 1/4 but finishing in the top half. He missed a win in the following game.

Elliott,D - Weir,P [C28]

Notes by NM Peter Stuart

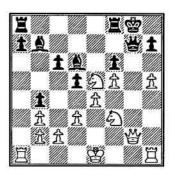
1.e4 e5 2.\(\text{Qc4}\) \(\text{2f6}\) 3.\(\text{2c3}\) \(\text{2c6}\) 4.d3 \(\text{Qc7}\) 5.f4 \\
0-0\) 6.\(\text{2f3}\) d6 7.f5 \(\text{2a5}\) 8.\(\text{We2}\) c6 9.g4 b5 \\
10.\(\text{Qb3}\) \(\text{2xb3}\) 11.axb3 b4 12.\(\text{2d1}\) \(\text{Wc7}\) 13.g5 \\
\text{2e8}\) 14.\(\text{2e3}\) \(\text{Qb7}\) 15.\(\text{2g4}\) f6 16.h4 d5 17.h5 \\
fxg5\) 18.\(\text{Qxg5}\) \(\text{2f6}\) 19.\(\text{2gxe5}\) \(\text{Qd6}\) 20.\(\text{Qxf6}\)



20...gxf6

20... \Pixf6 21.\Deltag4 \Deltag3+ 22.\Deltaf1 \Pif7 23.\Delta \Begin{array}{c} \Pif4 24.\Deltage5! \Pie7 25.\Deltag2 \Pixe5 26.\Deltaxe5 \Begin{array}{c} \Pixe5 27.\Begin{array}{c} \Pixe4 \Deltaf4 28.\Pixe4 \Deltag4 28.\Pixe5 \Begin{array}{c} \Pixe5 \Begin{array}{c} \P

21.\g2+ g7



22.2g6! hxg6 23.hxg6 dxe4 24.\(\mathbb{H}\)h7?

24.2d4! c5 (24...Efe8 25.Eh7 exd3+26.2e6+-) 25.2e6 exd3 26.\(\mathbb{H}\mathbb{g}1!\) (26.\(\mathbb{H}\mathbb{h}\mathbb{h}) \(\mathbb{Q}\mathbb{x}\mathbb{g}2 27.\(\mathbb{E}\mathbb{x}\mathbb{g}7+\\\mathbb{h}\mathbb{h}\mathbb{g} 28.\(\mathbb{h}\mathbb{f}2\) \(\mathbb{Q}\mathbb{d}5 29.\(\mathbb{E}\mathbb{h}7+-\).

24...exf3 25.\psi\h3 \pi\fe8+ 26.\psi\f1 \pi\e7 27.\pi\xg7+

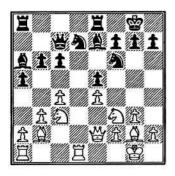
Exg7 28.\(\psi f2 \) \(\Qc\) \(\psi c5 + 29.\(\psi g3 \) \(\Qd\) \(\Qd\) \(\psi c5 + 31.\(\psi f2 \) \(\Qc\) \(\Qc\) \(2.\(\psi c1 \) \(\Qc\) \(2.\(\Qc\) \(2.\(\Qc\) \\ \(\Qd\) \(2.\(\Qc\) \\ \\ \(2.\(\Qc\) \\ \(2.\(\Qc\

Tactics gain easy points

Garbett's tactical alertness gained him two easy points late in the tournament.

Stuart,P - Garbett,P [A13]

Notes by NM Peter Stuart



15.\d2??

15.\ac1=.

15...a4!!∓ 16.2xa4 b5 17.2c3

17.cxb5 cxb5 18.2c3 b4 19.2b5 \$\psi_a5\rightharpoonup |
17...bxc4 18.bxc4 2b6 19.2f1? [19.\pi_c2 2xc4 20.\psi_c1 \pi_cb8 21.2c1\pi.

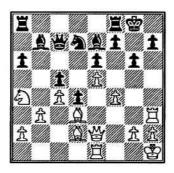
19...2xc4 20.\(\mathbb{\pi}\)dd1 \(\mathbb{\pi}\)eb8-+ 21.\(\mathbb{\pi}\)c1 \(\mathbb{\pi}\)b2 0-1

Garbett,P - Barlow,M

[B42]

Notes by NM Peter Stuart

1.e4 c5 2.චf3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.චxd4 a6 5.Ձd3 Ψc7 6.Ψe2 d6 7.0–0 චf6 8.c4 Ձe7 9.೨c3 0–0 10.Φh1 චc6 11.චxc6 bxc6 12.f4 d5 13.b3 d4 14.೨a4 චd7 15.e5 g6 16.Ձd2 c5 17.፱f3 Ձb7 18.፱h3 චb8 19.፱e1 චd7



20.f5! exf5 21.@xf5 Φh8

21...gxf5? 22.\\(\text{bh5}\) \(\partial_{xg2}\) \(

22.@e4 @xe4 23.\\xe4 \(\frac{1}{2}\)ac8

23... Ife8 24. Id5!+-.

24. 學f4 里g8

24...h5 25.\(\psi\)h6+ \(\phi\)g8 26.e6→; 24...\(\pm\)g8 25.\(\pm\)xh7+! \(\phi\)xh7 26.\(\pm\)h6#. 1-0

NZ rapid championship

Dowden,R - Dive,R

[B02]

NZ Rapid Championship, Dunedin, 1999

1.e4 ହ16 2.e5 ହ15 3.c4 ହ16 4.d4 d6 5.exd6 cxd6 6.ହc3 g6 7.ହd3 ହ27 8.ହge2 0-0 9.0-0 e5 10.ହc3 ହ16 11.d5 ହ16 12.b3 a5 13.a3 ହ13 14.\(\psi\)xd3 \(\psi\)e8 15.\(\psi\)ab 12.b3 a5 13.a3 ହ13 14.\(\psi\)xd3 \(\psi\)e8 15.\(\psi\)ab 15.\(\psi\)ab 4 20.axb4 \(\psi\)ab 21.g3 \(\psi\)ab 22.\(\psi\)g2 \(\psi\)ab 23.c5 \(\psi\)xb4 24.c6 \(\psi\)f6 25.\(\psi\)b1 \(\psi\)b3 26.\(\psi\)d2 \(\psi\)xd2 27.\(\psi\)xb3 bxc6 28.\(\psi\)xc6 e4

28... 型xe2 29. 至c1 至c8 30.c7 d5 31. 至b8 型a6 32. 至xc8+ 型xc8-+.

29.Ωf4 Ξc8 30.f3 Ψxg2+ 31.Φxg2 exf3+ 32.Φxf3 ½-½

Auckland CC Championship

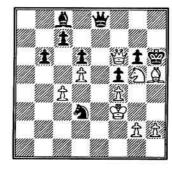
Macdonald,P - Latimer,B [E94]

Notes by Paul Macdonald

36.\$\pixh5! \$\pixe6 (36...gxh5 37.\pig5) 37.\pixe6 耳xe6 38.dxe6 \$\pi(8 39.\pi(3\pi.)

36... ሣg8 37. ፰xe8 ሣxe8 38. ሣf6 38. Ձxh5 ይxb4 39. Ձxg6 ⊈xg6 40. ሣxb4±.

38...2xb4 39.@xh5 2d3+ 40.Фf3



40...£e1+??

40...£xf4! 41.\$xf4 (41.£)f7+ \$\delta\$h7 42.\$xf4 \$\text{\psi}e4+ 43.\$\delta\$g3 f4+ 44.\$\text{\psi}xf4 \$\text{\psi}xf4+ 45.\$\delta\$xf4 \$\delta\$xh5) 41...\$\text{\psi}e5+ 42.\$\text{\psi}xe5 \$\delta\$xg5 44.\$\delta\$e2.

41.Фg3 Фxh5 42.2e6 1-0

Watson,B - Macdonald,P
[A39]

Notes by Paul Macdonald

1.2f3 2f6 2.g3 c5 3.\textsqc2 g6 4.0\to \textsqc7 5.c4 0\to 6.2c3 2c6 7.d4 cxd4 8.2xd4 2xd4

9.\(\psi\)xd4 d6 10.\(\psi\)d3 \(\Q\)f5 11.e4 \(\Q\)e6 12.\(\Q\)d5 \(\Z\)c8 13.\(\Q\)g5 h6 14.\(\Q\)xf6 \(\Q\)xd5 15.cxd5

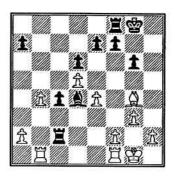
15.\textre{Q}xg7 \textra{Q}xc4 16.\textra{W}d4 e5 17.\textra{W}xa7 \textra{D}xg7.

19... Exe4 20. Ec8 學b6 21. Exf8+ 如xf8 22. 學xh6+ ②g7 23. 學c1] 20. 學xh6 ②b2! 21. Eb1 [21. Exc4 bxc4毫.

21...互c2 22.世e3

22. Exb2 Exb2 23. Qe6! fxe6 24. Ψxg6+ Φh8.

22... \$\mathbb{\text{\psi}}\$c7 23.\$\mathbb{\ma



26.a4? 26.\(\mathbb{E}\)bc1!\(\pm\)

26...Ea2 27.\(\Delta\)d7 c3 28.b5 c2 29.\(\Delta\)bc1 \Qc5 30.a5 \Qangle a3 31.\(\Delta\)ce1? \Qb4-+ 32.\(\Delta\)c1 \Qxa5 33.b6 axb6 34.\(\Qangle\)b5 \Qd2 35.\(\Qangle\)c4 \Qxc1 36.\(\Delta\)xc1 \\\Delta\)b2 37.\(\Delta\)g2 \\\Delta\\$c8 0-1

Beach,P - Macdonald,P [B01]

Notes by Paul Macdonald

1.e4 d5 2.exd5 \(\psi xd5 \) 3.\(\phi c3 \) \(\psi a5 \) 4.d4 \(\phi f6 \)
5.\(\phi f3 \) c6 6.\(\pi c4 \) \(\phi f5 \) 7.\(\psi c2 \) e6 8.\(\pi d2 \) \(\pi b4 \)
9.0\(-0-0\) \(\phi bd7 \) 10.a3 \(\phi xc3 \) 11.\(\phi xc3 \) \(\psi c7 \)
12.\(\phi e5 \) \(\phi xe5 \) 13.dxe5 \(\phi d5 \) 14.\(\phi d4 \) \(\psi a5 \) 15.g4
\(\phi g6 \) 16.\(\phi xd5 \) cxd5 17.\(\phi c3 \) \(\psi b6 \) 18.f4 \(\phi e4 \)
19.\(\pm hf1 \) \(\pm c8 \) 20.f5 h5!? 21.f6

21.gxh5? **2**xf5=; 21.fxe6 **4**xe6∞.

21...g6

NZ Chess

21...gxf6 22.\(\bar{\pi}\)xf6 hxg4 23.\(\bar{\ph}\)d2 (23.\(\bar{\ph}\)xg4?\(\bar{\ph}\)3+ with the idea of 24...\(\bar{\pk}\)xc3!) 23...\(\bar{\ph}\)b5.

NZ Chess

22.g5 ⊈f8

Unbelievably, Black didn't see the simple 22...0-0! with a good game. As a result of not castling for so long, Black didn't even consider it as a possibility.

23.\(\frac{1}{2}\)d4 \(\phi_2\)8 24.\(\phi_4\)1?? \(\frac{1}{2}\)xc3! 25.bxc3

25.\Pib4?\Pie3-+; 25.\Pixe4\Pixb2 26.\Pib4\Pixa3 27.\Pixb7\Pic4-+.

25...\psib1+ 26.\psid2 \psixc2+ 27.\psie1 \psixc3+ 28.\psid2

28.且d2 世xa3? (28...中h?!—+ with weaknesses on a3 and e5) A) 29.世b5! 世c1+ (29...a6 30.世e8+ 世f8 31.世xf8+ 中xf8 32.且b2 b5 33.且a2 中g8∞) 30.中e2 世c4+ 31.世xc4 dxc4 32.且a1 中h?!∞ (32...a6? 33.且d? ②c6 34.且c7—); B) 29.且f4 29...中f7 (29...世a1+! 30.且d1 世xe5) 30.且xc4 dxc4.

28...Ψxa3 29.Ξf4 Φh7 30.Ξfxe4 dxe4 31.Ξd8 Ξxd8 32.Ψxd8 Ψe3+ 33.Φd1 Ψd3+ 34.Ψxd3 exd3 35.h4 Φg8 36.Φd2 Φf8 37.Φxd3 Φe8 38.Φc4 Φd7 39.Φb5 b6 40.Φa6 Φc6 41.Φxa7 b5 42.Φb8 Φd7 0-1

Jenkins Cup

This game, from the 1998 Jenkins Cup competition in Auckland, was one of the last of his games annotated by Ortvin Sarapu for *New Zealand Chess*.

Sarapu,O - Spiller,P [B32]

Notes by IM Ortvin Sarapu

1.e4 c5 2.2f3 2c6 3.d4 cxd4 4.2xd4 e5

Paul Spiller has played this Lowenthall variation for years.

5.2b5 a6 6.2d6+ @xd6 7.\@xd6 \@f6 8.\@c7

Here 8. dl is the main line. I did not like to play a line he knows well.

8...2ge7 9.2c3 0−0 10.2e3 d6 11.0−0−0 2)d4

Perhaps too stormy. Black is playing to take over the initiative.

12.h4!

Threatening ¥g5 and forcing weakening of Black's position. Instead, on ...h6 Paul goes on with the adventurous play.

12...@g4?! 13.f3 \(\frac{1}{2}\) fc8 14.\(\frac{1}{2}\) b6 \(\frac{1}{2}\) xf3?!

After using 1 hour 10 minutes and with only 18 minutes left for 26 moves, Black is in a bad way.

15.gxf3 \(\text{Zxc3} \) 16.bxc3 \(\text{\psi} \) xf3 17.\(\text{dd3} \) 1-0

All-Canterbury

Two games from the 1998 All-Canterbury Championship.

Johnson, Q - McNabb, M

[E99]

All-Canterbury Championship, 1998

1.d4 \$\frac{1}6\$ 2.c4 g6 3.\$\frac{1}2\$c3 \$\text{Q}7\$ 4.e4 d6 5.\$\frac{1}2\$f3 0-0 6.\$\text{Q}e2\$ e5 7.0-0 \$\frac{1}2\$c6 8.d5 \$\frac{1}2\$e7 9.\$\frac{1}2\$e1 \$\frac{1}2\$d7 10.\$\text{Q}e3\$ f5 11.f3 f4 12.\$\text{Q}f2\$ g5 13.\$\frac{1}2\$b5 a6 14.\$\frac{1}2\$a7 \$\frac{1}2\$xa7 15.\$\text{Q}xa7\$ b6 16.b4 \$\text{Q}b7\$ 17.\$\frac{1}2\$d3 c5 18.bxc5 dxc5 19.\$\text{W}b3\$ \$\frac{1}2\$c8 20.\$\text{Q}xb6\$ \$\frac{1}2\$dxb6 \$21.\$\text{Q}xc5\$ \$\text{W}e7\$ 22.\$\text{Q}xb7\$ \$\text{W}xb7\$ 23.c5 \$\text{W}a7\$ 24.cxb6 \$\text{Q}xb6\$ 25.\$\text{L}ab1\$ \$\text{Q}c4+\$ 26.\$\text{E}f2\$ \$\text{Q}e3\$ 27.\$\text{W}b6\$ \$\text{E}f7\$ 28.\$\text{W}b8+\$ \$\text{Q}f8\$ 29.\$\text{W}xa7\$ \$\text{E}xa7\$ 30.\$\text{E}c1\$ \$\text{Q}a3\$ 31.\$\text{E}c8+\$\text{Q}f7\$ 32.\$\text{Q}c4\$ \$\text{Q}xc4\$ \$35.\$\text{E}c6\$ \$\text{Q}b8\$ 36.\$\text{E}xa6\$ \$\text{Q}a7+\$37.\$\text{\text{D}f1}\$ \$\text{Q}e3\$ 38.\$\text{\text{\text{Q}e2}}\$1-0

Benson, C - Donaldson, B

[B30]

All-Canterbury Championship, 1998

Queensland game

Roberts, L - Sarfati, JD Gold Coast Open Queensland, 1998

1.2f3 2f6 2.d4 c5 3.d5 d6 4.c4 b5 5.cxb5 a6 6.2c3 axb5 7.e4 b4 8.2b5

By transposition, we have reached the sharp Zaitsev variation. Black must be careful, but material is equal and the ② on b5 could become misplaced.

8...g6

8... ②xe4 is too greedy. White has too large a lead in development after 9. ②c4 g6 10. 學e2 ②f6 11. ②f4.

9.\Qf4 \Qg7 10.\Qc4 0\\—0 11.\Uc2?!

White should aim for e5, and removing support from d5 hinders this. Also, White cannot do without castling.

11...Да5 12.a4 bxa3 13.@d2?



Presumably White wants to challenge the long diagonal. But a second move with the \mathfrak{D} with the Φ in the centre meets a startling reply.

13...**£**xe4! 14.**£**xa5

14.\\xe4 \&f5 15.\\e2 axb2-+.

14...\u00ebxa5+ 15.\u00ebf1

15. De2 would connect the As so prevent material loss. But then the exposed Dec, plus weak As on d5 and b2, Black's unopposed Deg7, A plus and single A island mean Black has more than enough for the exchange.

15...②xb2 16.豐xe4 ②xa1 17.豐xe7 a2 18.豐a7 ②a6 19.৬e2 ②g7 20.೨g5 a1豐 21.豆xa1 豐xa1 0-1

NZ Masters

From the NZ Masters tournament in Wanganui, February 1999.

Dowden, A - Jackson, L

[B23]

Notes by Tony Dowden

1.e4 c5 2.2c3 d6 3.f4 2c6 4.2f3 g6 5.2b5 2g7 6.2xc6+ bxc6 7.d3 2g4?!

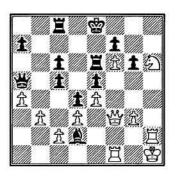
Black should aim for ... 2a6 and ... c4 at some stage.

8.0–0 Ŷf6 9.h3 Ŷxf3 10.₩xf3 0–0 11.Ŷe3 ≌b8 12.∄ab1 Ŷd7 13.Ŷd2 Ŷb6 14.b3 d5 15.a4 d4 A serious positional concession.

16.2d1 2d7 17.2f2 \(\mathbb{Q} \)c8 18.\(\mathbb{Q} \)h1 e5 19.f5 \(\mathbb{Q} \)f6?! 20.\(\mathbb{Q} \)g5 \(\mathbb{Q} \)d6 21.\(\mathbb{Q} \)xf6!

A white \triangle on f6 will dominate the position, as soon as the Black \bigcirc is forced into exile.

21...\Pxf6 22.\Dg4 \Pg5 23.f6 \Qh6 24.\Pg3 \Pfe8 25.h4 \Pd2 26.\Pf2 \Qf4 27.\Pf3 \Pa5 28.g3 \Qd2 29.\Pd1 \Qc3 30.\Dh6+ \Detaf8 31.h5 \Pfe6 32.hxg6 hxg6 33.\Pf2 \Deta68 34.\Pf1 \Qd2



35.2xf7! \$\Phi\$xf7 36.\Pi\$h7+ \$\Phi\$g8 37.f7+ \$\Phi\$xh7 38.f8\Pi\$ \$\Pi\$xf8 39.\Pi\$xf8

39...@f4 40.\\frac{\psi}{17}+ \psi h6 41.\frac{\psi}{28}xe6 \psi g5 42.\frac{\psi}{28}xe5

增d8 43.互f7 增g8 44.互f2 1−0

Black is helpless.

New chess books

While more chess information, including coaching material, becomes available every day through the internet, this does not seem to have stemmed the growth of traditional chess literature. The flow of new books being published seems never-ending, and although the market is highly competitive, the demand must be there to make publishing economic. Some recently-released titles are mentioned below, with the prices at which the books are available from NZ Chess Supplies.

While many titles follow familiar paths, such as books on particular openings which are directed to specific markets, the occasional imaginative touch stands out. For instance, Murray Chandler's Gambit Publications has issued *How to beat your dad at chess* (written by Murray Chandler himself, \$38.50), which includes 50 deadly checkmates and will be found useful by club players of all ages. The same publishers have also issued *101 Opening Traps* (by Steve Giddens, \$42.00) which includes new as well as old deadly traps to catch the unwary.

In a more specialised pattern, Gambit's range of opening books include Guide to the Benko Gambit and Guide to the Bogo-Indian (both by Steffen Pedersen, \$52.00), while Cadogan recently renamed Everyman Chess - have issued Easy guide to the Queen's Gambit Accepted (by Graeme Buckley) and Easy guide to the Panov-Botvinnik Attack (by Jacob Aagaard, both \$48.00). The inclusion of games played in 1998 shows that these publications are right up-to-date.

The Middle Game

Books on openings and endings are referred to by players at all levels, but the complexities of the middle game calls for greater care by players in the selection of reference works which match their standard of play and understanding of the game. Cadogan-Everyman's *Practical middlegame tips* (by Edmar Mednis, \$56.00) offers examples and analysis which

can be particularly useful to the average club player, and while it gives many games it is presented in a format which could appeal to those who like to browse as well as those who prefer to study in depth.

Gambit's Secrets of modern chess strategy (by John Watson, \$68.00) is, as its sub-title Advances since Nimzowitsch suggests, is a much more ambitious work. It discusses the evolution of theory on the centre, pawn minorities and majorities, pawns in chains and doubled up, the IQP and use of the pieces in a modern context. Like My System, Watson's Secrets could become a standard reference.

Less original is Cadogan-Everyman's republication of Vladimir Vukovic's Art of attack in chess (\$64.00), which was reprinted at least 8 times after its first publication in 1965, but now has been translated into algebraic notation and revised by John Nunn. This means there is much fresh material in the new edition, and as Nunn points out renewed analysis can unearth unexpected surprises even in classic games which have already been subject to intensive study at the highest level.

Biography

Biographies of top chess players have always found a ready market, as much for the colourful personalities which can be revealed as for the games. A Gambit venture into this realm is *Chess champion from China* (\$52.00), the autobiography of world women's champion Xie Jun. She was reluctant to write about herself - she says her understanding of the game is modest compared with the top male players, and also doubted her ability to express herself in English.

When these reservations were set at rest, Xie Jun produced a story which gives fascinating insights into chess in China, as well as games and analysis which suggest that the gap between top levels of men's and women's chess is not all that wide.

NZ Chess

New Zealand news

Civic CC

Russell Dive and Stephen Lukey shared honours in the 1998 Civic CC Championship, which was a double-rounder with six players and a tight finish at the top. They each scored 6/9, half a point ahead of Anthony Ker, with Arthur Pomeroy on 5½, Justin Phillips2½ and Alan Winfield 1½.

Dive lost one game to Pomeroy, had a draw and a loss against Lukey and a draw with Ker. Lukey also had a loss to Pomeroy, plus four draws, and Ker had four draws in addition to losses to Dive and Lukey.

The 10-player B grade was won by B Mullen with 7/9, having four draws and no losses. He was half a point ahead of Don Stracy 6½, followed by Ross Jackson 6; Peter King 5; David Capper 4½; Julian Mazur and Robert Edwards 3½; Alan Aldridge, Philip Coghini and John Gilmartin 3.

Peter Himona narrowly won the C grade, another double-rounder with 6 players, scoring 7½/10. He finished just half a point ahead of John Gillespie, with Bruce Kay on 6½.

Anthony Ker won the club's Summer Cup, a Swiss, with 5½/6. He drew with Russell Dive, who was second on 5 after drawing with Justin Phillips as well as Ker. Phillips lost to David Capper in the first round, but recovered to finish 3= on 4½ with Julian Mazur, ahead of Brett Mullen, John Gilmartin, Alan Winfield and Arthur Pomeroy 3½.

Correspondence chess

By Gordon Hoskyn

The 66th New Zealand correspondence chess championship, which has just begun, had drawn a field of 11 players from seven different parts of the country. Here is the field in descending order of ratings - all the ratings are current, except for that of Peter Goffin, which dates back to 1994, when he last played:

R J Dive 2340, T J Doyle 2220, P B Goffin 2165, M L Dunwoody 2125, P A R Vetharaniam 2080, D J Cooper 2065, H P Bennett 2025, G A Hoskyn 1960, B W Millar 1920, L B Frost 1825, P J Voss 1790.

With some players opting to play by phone, fax or email, all well as the customary postal mail, a number of games are expected to be over well before the 13-month period is up. In fact, within the first month two games have already been decided: Doyle 0, Hoskyn 1; Cooper ½, Hoskyn ½.

There are four satellite grades; Reserve championship, 9 players; grade 2, 7 players (double round); grade 3, 11 players; grade 4, 5 players (double round).

The director of play for all grades is Peter Voss, of Blenheim.

Open tournaments scheduled for 1999

Details of each event are available from the organising club

Canterbury weekend rapid, Sat, May 15.

Wanganui graded teams tournament, Sat, May 22.

South Island Rapid Championship, Gambit CC, Blenheim, September 19.

South Island Championship, Gambit CC, Blenheim, September 20-24.

26th North Shore Open, October 2-3.

All-Canterbury Championship, Christchurch, December 11-12.

NZ Championship & Major Open, Howick-Pakuranga CC, Auckland, Dec 28 - Sat, Jan 9. NZ Rapid Championship, Howick-Pakuranga CC, Auckland, Sun-Mon, Jan 10-11, 2000.

Clubs are asked to supply details of 1999 events as soon as dates are finalised

Qantas International Master Challenge

By Bob Gibbons

While we were playing in the Australian Open in January, Hilton Bennett and I were asked to compete in the Sydney Qantas IM Challenge, largely I suspect to make up the quota of foreign players required..

The format was a six-round swiss system with twelve players. The top three players would then play a three-round round-robin event with IM's Ben Martin, Robert Jamieson and Radek Kalod from Czechoslovakia. For us the event was likely to be a formidable challenge in its own right as the average strength was 2270 and the only bunnies to be seen were in the mirror.

The event was part of the Queen Victoria Building chess festival which included a concurrent Grandmaster event and so there were lots of spectators. Some of these were playing blitz chess in the tournament room which is not only unusual but provided some unwelcome distraction for the main players. Other than that, however, the event was generally well organised and a pleasure to play.

Although Andrew Allen dominated the early rounds scoring 3½/4 he crumbled on the last day with two losses and the eventual qualifiers were Vladimir Feldman, Igor Bellin and Irina Berezina (Tim Reilly having been knocked out in a playoff).

Outgunned, but interesting

Meanwhile, further down the field Hilton and I had been having an interesting time. Despite being heavily outgunned we had decided to give our opponents a further advantage by catching the overnight train from Melbourne and so turned up to the first round looking like a couple of short-sighted racoons. This took its toll as Hiton blundered into a mate in an easily won position against Brett Tindall (Brett's only stroke of luck in the event) and I threw away an endgame draw.

Hilton continued to strike misfortune and, despite a valiant try to win the last-round rook

ending, finished up with two draws and four losses. I was luckier and despite some uncomfortable positions (including losing the exchange to top-seeded Belin) had three successive draws and two wins to finish 5=.

In the round robin playoff both Belin and Feldman failed to qualify for their IM norms but Berezina qualified for a women's GM norm beating Jamieson and drawing with Martin and Kalod. That was Ben's only draw and he finished with $2\frac{1}{2}$ 3.

An interesting event. Thanks to our hosts for making our stay in Sydney so enjoyable.

Bennett, H - Tindall, B

1.b4 e5 2.\(\text{Q}b2 \) d6 3.c4 \(\text{Q}f6 \) 4.e3 g6 5.\(\text{Q}f3 \) \(\text{Q}g7 \)
6.\(\text{Q}e2 \) 0-0 7.0-0 \(\text{Q}c6 \) 8.b5 \(\text{Q}e7 \) 9.d3 \(\text{Q}d7 \)
10.\(\text{Q}c3 \) f5 11.\(\text{W}c2 \) f4 12.d4 fxe3 13.fxe3 \(\text{Q}f5 \)
14.\(\text{Q}d1 \) \(\text{W}e7 \) 15.\(\text{Q}d3 \) \(\text{Q}h4 \) 16.\(\text{Q}xh4 \) \(\text{Exf1} + 17.\(\text{Q}xf1 \) \(\text{W}xh4 \) 18.\(\text{W}f2 \) \(\text{W}e7 \) 19.\(\text{Q}c3 \) \(\text{Q}f6 \) 20.\(\text{A}3 \)
\(\text{Q}e6 \) 21.\(\text{W}f3 \) \(\text{Eff} 8 \) 22.\(\text{W}xb7 \) \(\text{Q}h6 \) 23.\(\text{E}e1 \) \(\text{Q}h5 \)
24.\(\text{Q}e4 \) \(\text{W}h4 \) 25.\(\text{Q}c3 \) \(\text{Q}f5 \) 26.\(\text{Q}d5 + \text{D}h8 \) 27.\(\text{Q}d3 \)
\(\text{Q}xe4 \) 28.\(\text{W}xe4 \) \(\text{W}f2 + 29.\(\text{D}h2 \) \(\text{Q}g3 \) 30.\(\text{W}g4 \) \(\text{Q}xe3 \)
31.\(\text{d}xe5 \) \(\text{Q}f4 + 35.\(\text{D}h1 \) \(\text{Q}xe7 \) 36.\(\text{W}e4 \) \(\text{W}f1 + 0-1 \)

Gibbons, R - Levi, E

1.e4 e5 2.£f3 £c6 3.£c4 £f6 4.£g5 d5 5.exd5 £a5 6.£b5+ c6 7.dxc6 bxc6 8.£e2 h6 9.£f3 e4 10.£e5 ∰d4 11.f4 £c5 12.£f1 £b6 13.c3 ∰d6 14.b4 £b7 15.£c4 ∰e7 16.£xb6 axb6 17.₺f2 £f5 18.d4 e3+ 19.₺g1 £xb1 20.Ēxb1 Ēxa2 21.Ēf3 £d5 22.£c4 £xc3 23.∰e1 0-0 24.Ēxe3 ∰d6 25.∰xc3 Ēxg2+ 26.₺xg2 ∰g6+ 27.Ēg3 ∰xb1 28.d5 g6 29.dxc6 ∰e4+ 30.₺g1 £d6 31.£b2 ∰b1+ 32.₺g2 ∰e4+ 33.Ēf3 1-0

Tindall, B - Gibbons, R

1.e4 e5 2.£f3 £c6 3.£b5 £c5 4.0-0 £ge7 5.c3 a6 6.£a4 0-0 7.d4 exd4 8.cxd4 £a7 9.£c3 d6 10.h3 h6 11.£e3 b5 12.£c2 £b4 13.£b1 d5 14.a3 dxe4 15.£xe4 £bd5 16.₩d3 £f5 17.£e5 c5 18.dxc5 ₩c7 19.£f3 £ad8 20.£d4 £g6 21.b4 ₩e5 22.£f3 ₩xa1 23.£d4 £f4 24.₩e3 £xd4 25.£f6+ gxf6 26.£xg6 £d1 0-1

Overseas news

By NM Peter Stuart

Wijk Aan Zee

After almost a year of inactivity, tournament-wise Gary Kasparov had something to prove. His last major event was Linares 1998 where he finished third equal behind Anand and Shirov. And Vishy Anand, ranked number two in the world, went on to have a marvellous year – four first places in category 17 or stronger events. This year's Wijk aan Zee event was the 61st in the series and was again of category 17.

Kasparov started quietly with a 22-move draw with the white pieces in an Exchange Queen's Gambit against Vassily Ivanchuk while Anand started with two wins. Kasparov, however, had started a winning streak in round 2 so the two favourites shared the lead with 3½/4. Anand reached 6/8, a very good score indeed, but he was now 1½ points behind Kasparov whose winning streak now extended to seven games, giving him a performance rating of way over 3000.

Quite unexpectedly he lost in round 9 to the previously winless Ivan Sokolov and after this he eased off somewhat, winning only once more on the way to first place with 10/13. Mind you, both Anand and Kramnik were among Kasparov's final four opponents. This allowed Anand to narrow the gap to just half a point but there was no doubt at all that Kasparov was "boss" in this tournament.

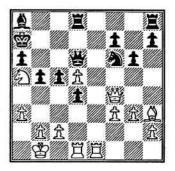
Vladimir Kramnik shared with Anand the distinction of being undefeated but scored too few wins to ever be a threat for second place.

The most talked about game in the tournament was that between Kasparov and Veselin Topalov in round 4, destined to become one of the game's classics.

Kasparov - Topalov Pirc [B07]

1.e4 d6 2.d4 2f6 3.2c3 g6 4.2e3 2g7 5.\d2 c6 6.f3 b5 7.2ge2 2bd7 8.2h6 2xh6 9.\d2xh6 2b7 10.a3 e5 11.0\d20-0\d20 \dagger e7 12.\d20 b1 a6

13.2c1 0-0-0 14.2b3 exd4 15.\(\Pi\x\)xd4 c5 16.\(\Pi\d\)d1 2b6 17.g3 \(\phi\b\)b8 18.\(\phi\a\)a5 \(\Qa\)a8 19.\(\Qa\)h3 d5 20.\(\Pi\f\)f4+ \(\pha\)a7 21.\(\Pi\h\)he1 d4 22.\(\Pi\d\)d5 \(\Qa\)bxd5 23.\(\xx\)d5 \(\Pi\d\)d6



24.Exd4! cxd4?

Topalov decides to go for broke. Instead 24...\$b6 would be about equal.

25.\deq 2+! \deq b6

Best. If 25... \(\psi\)xe7? 26. \(\psi\)xd4+ \(\phi\)b8 27. \(\psi\)b6+ \(\pa\)b7 28. \(\phi\)c6+ and mate next move while after 25... \(\phi\)b8 26. \(\psi\)xd4 \(\pa\)d7 27. \(\pa\)xd7 \(\pa\)xd5 28.c4! \(\psi\)xe7 29. \(\psi\)b6+ \(\phi\)a8 30. \(\psi\)xa6+ \(\phi\)b8 31. \(\psi\)b6+ \(\phi\)a8 32. \(\pa\)c6+! \(\psi\)xc6 33. \(\pri\)xc6 Black must give up his queen to avoid being mated when White will emerge with three extra pawns.

26.₩xd4+ Фxa5

27.b4+ Φa4 28.\(\mathbb{e}\)c3! \(\mathbb{e}\)xd5 28.\(\mathbb{e}\)xd5 29.\(\mathbb{e}\)b2 \(\Lambda\) \(\mathbb{e}\)b3+.

29.\\a7!

But not 29.如b2? 型d4 nor 29.型c7 型d1+30.如b2 型d4+ with perpetual check.

29...**£b**7

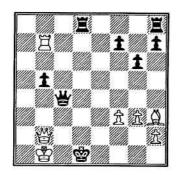
29... \(\mathbb{I}\)d6? now allows 30.\(\phi\)b2! winning, as

			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
1 Kasparov G.	RUS g	2812	•	1/2	1/2	0	1	1	1/2	1/2	1	1	1	1	1	1	10 1
2 Anand V.	IND g	2784															91/2 2
3 Kramnik V.	RUS g	2751	1/2	1/2	•	1/2	1/2	1	1	1/2	1/4	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	1/2	8 3
4 Sokolov L	BIH g		1	3/2	1/2	•	1/2	0	1/2	0	1/2	1/2	1/2	ı	1	1/2	7 4-7
5 Piket J.	NED g	2609															7 4-7
6 Shirov A.	ESP g	2726	0	1/2	0	1	1/2	•	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	1	7 4-7
7 Timman J.	NED g	2649	1/2	0	0	1/2	0	1/4	•	1	1/2	0	1	1	1	1	7 4-7
8 Ivanchuk V.	UKRR	2714	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	0	1/2	0	•	1/4	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	61/2 8-9
9 Svidler P.	RUS g	2713	0	1/2	1/2	1/4	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	•	1/2	1	1/2	1/4	1/2	61/4 8-9
10 Topalov V.	BUL g																6 10
11 KasimdzhanovR.	UZB g																5 11
12 van Wely L.																	4½ 12
13 Yermolinsky A.																	4 13
14 Reinderman D.	NED g																

the rook cannot defend both d4 and a6.

31...Ed1+ 32.\$\phi\$D \(\text{Ea8}\) 33.\$\psi\$6 \$\psi\$d4+ 34.\$\psi\$xd4 \$\text{Exd4}\) 35.\$\text{Exf7}\) Ed6 36.\$\text{Ed7}\) Ef6 37.\$\text{f4}\) a5 38.\$\text{c3}\) Eaa6 39.\$\text{Qg2}\) Ef66 40.\$\text{Qf3}\) Ead6 41.\$\text{Exd6}\) Exd6 42.\$\text{Qe4}\) and White wins the exchange and the game.

32.\(\Psi xa6+ \Psi xb4 \) 33.c3+! \(\Psi xc3 \) 34.\(\Psi a1+ \Psi d2 \) 35.\(\Psi b2+ \Psi d1 \)



36.@f11

A lovely finish - the only move to win.

36...\psixfl 37.\psic2+\psic1 38.\psic7+.

37.Ed7! Exd7 38.@xc4 bxc4 39.₩xh8 Ed3 40.₩a8 c3 41.₩a4+ Φe1 42.f4 f5 43.Φc1 Ed2 44.₩a7 1-0.

Reinderman,D - Anand,V [B87]

1.e4 c5 2.£13 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.£xd4 £16 5.£c3 a6 6.£c4 e6 7.£b3 b5 8.0-0 b4 9.£a4 £2d7 10.f4 £2c6 11.f5 e5 12.£13 h6 13.₩e1 £2e7 14.₩g3 £18 15.₩e1 £18 16.£d2 ₩e8 17.a3 a5 18.£h1 £2g8 19.£g1 bxa3 20.£xa3 £2d4 21.£xd4 exd4 22.£a1 £2c6 23.£xa5 £1xe4 24.£f1 h5 25.£b6 h4 26.£d5 £25! 27.£f3 h3! 28.£xc6 ₩xc6 29.₩e2 £14! 30.£g1

30.\(\Pixf4 \Dg3+ 31.\hxg3 \hxg2+ 32.\Pig1 \Pih1+ 33.\Pif2 \Pixa1 →.

30...@e3+ 31.Φh1 \@e8

31...\Pixb67 32.\Pixb6 \Pixb6 33.\Pixe3 dxe3 34.\Pia8+ and mates.

32. \$\psic 4 \text{2}f2+ 33. \$\pm xc4 \text{2}xc4 \text{2}xc4 \text{2}xc4 \text{2}xc4 \text{2}xc4 \text{2}xc4 \text{2}xc4 \text{2}xc4 \text{2}xc4 \text{2}cc4 \tex

Sokolov,I - Shirov,A [D93]

1.d4 2f6 2.c4 g6 3.2c3 d5 4.2f4 2g7 5.e3 c5 6.dxc5 \(\psi a5 \) 7.\(\text{Ec1} \) dxc4 8.\(\psi xc4 \) 0-0 9.\(\psi f3 \) \(\psi xc5 \) 10.\(\psi b3 \) 2c6 11.0-0 \(\psi a5 \) 12.\(\psi 3 \) 2f5 13.\(\psi e2 \) 2e4 14.\(\psi d5 \) e5 15.\(\psi xc6 \)

A sacrifice introduced by Karpov in the 1986 World Championship match against Kasparov.

15...bxc6 16.2e7+ \$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$h}\$}}\$} 17.2\text{\$\exitt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitt{\$\xi\text{\$\exittit{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\}}}}\$}\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exittit{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exititint{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\}\exititt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{

During the post mortem 21. 2d6 was found to be best.

21...£xf1 22.\(\psi\)xf1 \(\pri\)d3+ 23.\(\psi\)g1 \(\pri\)ac8 24.\(\pri\)c7 \(\pri\)xc3 25.\(\psi\)xc3 \(\pri\)e4 26.c4 \(\psi\)g7 27.\(\pri\)d5 \(\pri\)b8 28.\(\pri\)c7 35 29.\(\pri\)e6+ \(\psi\)f7 30.\(\pri\)d4 \(\psi\)c7 31.\(\pri\)3 \(\pri\)b7 32.\(\pri\)a4 \(\pri\)d6 33.\(\pri\)b5 \(\pri\)c5 34.\(\alpha\)4 \(\pri\)c6 36.\(\pri\)b3+ \(\pri\)b4 37.\(\pri\)d4 \(\pri\)a6 38.\(\pri\)c6+ \(\pri\)xc6 \(\pri\)xc6 \(\pri\)xc4 40.\(\alpha\) 49.\(\pri\)xc4 43.\(\pri\)5 fxe5 44.\(\pri\)xe5 \(\pri\)5 wins easily] 42...\(\pri\)c2 43.\(\pri\)5 fxe5 44.\(\pri\)xe5 \(\pri\)5 52.\(\pri\)4 \(\pri\)6 3 49.\(\pri\)c3 \(\pri\)xc6 \(\pri\)6 50.\(\pri\)h7 \(\pri\)f7 51.\(\pri\)b4 \(\pri\)e5 52.\(\pri\)h4 h5 0-1.

Sokolov - Kasparov Nimzoindian [E59]

1.d4 \$\tilde{2}\$if6 2.c4 e6 3.\$\tilde{2}\$c3 \$\tilde{2}\$b4 4.e3 0-0 5.\$\tilde{2}\$d3 d5 6.\$\tilde{2}\$if3 c5 7.0-0 \$\tilde{2}\$c6 8.a3 \$\tilde{2}\$xc3 9.bxc3 \$\tilde{4}\$c7 10.\$\tilde{4}\$c2 dxc4 11.\$\tilde{2}\$xc4 e5 12.\$\tilde{2}\$d3 \$\tilde{4}\$e8 13.e4 exd4 14.cxd4 \$\tilde{2}\$g4 15.e5 \$\tilde{2}\$xf3 16.exf6 \$\tilde{2}\$xd4 17.\$\tilde{2}\$xh7+ \$\tilde{4}\$h8 18.fxg7+ \$\tilde{4}\$xg7 19.\$\tilde{2}\$b2 \$\tilde{2}\$ad8 20.gxf3 \$\tilde{2}\$h8 21.\$\tilde{4}\$h1 \$\tilde{2}\$xh7 22.\$\tilde{2}\$g1+ \$\tilde{4}\$h8 23.\$\tilde{2}\$g3 \$\tilde{4}\$e5 24.\$\tilde{2}\$gg1 \$\tilde{2}\$h4?

A novelty, if a simply bad move can be so defined. The game Porath-Stahlberg, Amsterdam 1954, continued 24... 學h5 25. 至1 g2 f6 26. 學c4 學f7 27. 學xf7 至xf7 ½-½. Sokolov was familiar with this game and Kasparov obviously wasn't.

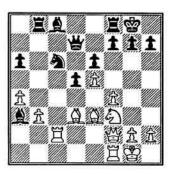
25.世c1! Φh7??

25... 學h5 26. 里1g2 f6 27. 學c4! 學h7 28. 學xc5 wins a pawn but this is better than what follows in the game.

26.\(\psi\)b1+ \(\phi\)h8 27.\(\psi\)f1! \(\psi\)e6 28.\(\psi\)g2 1-0
28...\(\psi\)f6 29.\(\psi\)g8+ \(\phi\)h7 30.\(\psi\)g7+ \(\psi\)xg7
31.\(\psi\)1xg7+ \(\phi\)h6 32.\(\psi\)c1+ \(\phi\)h5 33.\(\psi\)h7 mate.

Shirov - Reinderman Sicilian [B46]

1.e4 c5 2.£f3 £c6 3.£c3 e6 4.d4 cxd4 5.£xd4 a6 6.£e2 £ge7 7.f4 £xd4 8.₩xd4 b5 9.0-0 ₩c7 10.₩f2 £c6 11.£e3 £e7 12.a4 b4 13.£b1 £b8 14.£d2 0-0 15.£d3 d6 16.£ad1 b3 17.cxb3 £f6 18.£c1 £xb2 19.£c2 £a3 20.e5 d5 21.£f3 ₩d7



22.@xh7+! Фxh7 23.\h4+ Фg8

23...\$\psig6 24.g4 and Black cannot prevent mate.

24.එg5 සි8 25.සිf3! එe7

25... Φb7? 26. Ξh3 Φf8 27. Φh7+ Φg8 28. Φf6+! and mate in 2.

26.ୱከ7+ ቀf8 27.ୱከ8+ එg8 28.f5! exf5 29.e6!

29...\(\textit{Exe6}\) 30.\(\textit{Dh7} + \textit{De7}\) 31.\(\textit{Qg5} + \textit{f6}\) (31...\(\textit{Df6}\) 32.\(\textit{Uf8}\) mate; 31...\(\textit{Dd6}\) 32.\(\textit{Qf4} + \textit{De7}\) 32.\(\textit{Wxg8}\) and the threat of \(\textit{Uf8}\) mate gives White an enduring attack.

30.\dag{3} g6 31.\dag{2}h7+ \dag{4}f7 32.\dag{2}h6 \dag{4}e7

32...2xh6 33.Ψf6+ Φg8 34.Ξxg6+ Φxh7 35.Ξxh6+ Φg8 36.Ξh8 mate.

33.£25+ **₫**f7

33...\$\psi d6 34.\$\Delta f4+ e5 (34...\$\Delta e7 35.\$\Delta g7+ \$\Delta d8\$ 36.\$\Delta c7 + \$\Delta c7 37.\$\Delta c7 mate) 35.\$\Delta cg6+ \$\Delta e6\$ 36.\$\Delta c5+ \$\Delta e7 37.\$\Delta g7+.

34.@f6 \ f8 35.\ c7! \ 2xf6

35... \u22arxc7 36.\u22arg7+ \u22are e8 37.\u22arxc7

36.\Pxf6+ \phie8 37.\Pxg6+ \phid8 38.\Pxd7+ \Pxd7 39.\Pxf8 \Pxf8 40.\Pf6+ \Phie8 7 41.\Pg8+ \phic7 42.\Pc3+ \phib7 43.\Pxb8+ \phixb8 44.h4 1-0.

Kasparov is recorded as saying that he preferred this game to his earlier one against Topalov. I doubt that many will agree with this but the following game was played in round 12 when Anand was only half a point behind and Gary had the black pieces against Kramnik in the last round.

Kasparov - Svidler Grünfeld [D97]

27.2e2 2d5 28.\(\mathbb{I}\)g6 \(\psi\)f8 29.\(\psi\)e4 \(\psi\)f7 30.\(\psi\)d2 \(2\psi\)f6 31.\(\psi\)e3 1-0.

Adams v Seirawan

A ten-game match at Bermuda's Mermaid Beach club was drawn five-all with Adams winning games 1 and 8 while Seirawan won games 4 and 6. The quality of play in a relaxed atmosphere was variable. Seirawan was actually winning the first game until two time trouble blunders turned it into a loss while Adams had a big advantage in the fourth game, first throwing away his advantage and later blundering into a lost position.

Calcutta

The 10th Goodricke International Open was won by Belarus GM Alexei Fedorov with 9/11. No less than 1½ points back were GMs Dolmatov (RUS), Ehlvest (EST) and Sorokin (ARG) while a group of nine players including GM Speelman (ENG) shared fifth place on 7 points. There were 15 grandmasters in the field of 67.

Nova Gorica

Another February event, in Slovenia, was won by GM Zdenko Kozul with 7/9. The following group, on 6½, comprised GMs Atalik (TUR), Belyavsky (SLO), Mikhalchishin (SLO), Miles (ENG), Oll (EST) and Gennady Timoshenko (SVK) together with IM Pavasovic (SLO).

Cappelle la Grande

No fewer than 104 grandmasters competed in a field of 615 over 9 rounds in this French Open tournament. Norwegian GM Simen Agdestein took first place on tie break from GMs Mikhail Gurevich (BEL) and Pavel tregubov (RUS), all scoring 7½ points.

Karpov v Piket

Anatoly Karpov had slightly the better of the games in an eight-game match played in Monaco in February-March. Despite this all of the games were drawn for a 4-4 scoreline.

Enghein-les-Bains

This category 15 all-GM tournament was won by Joel Lautier with 6½/9 with Moldovan GM Viktor Bologan taking second prize with 6½ points. A surprising fact was that Lautier defeated the runner-up in just ten moves!

Lautier - Bologan Caro-Kann [B10]

1.c4 c6 2.e4 d5 3.cxd5 cxd5 4.exd5 \$\Delta f6 \)
5.\Delta c3 \$\Delta bd7 \ 6.\Delta f3 \ a6 \ 7.d4 \$\Delta b6 \ 8.\Delta e5 \]
\Delta bxd5?? 9.\Bar{\mathref{B}}a4+ \Delta d7 \ 10.\Delta xd7 \ 1-0.

10...\d7 11.\d2b5 +-.

The other scores were: 3-5 Bacrot (FRA), Ponomariov (UKR) and Tkachiev (FRA) 5; 6 Salov (RUS) 4; 7-9 Belyavsky (SLO), Rausis (LAT) and Sadler (ENG) 3½; 10 Bauer (FRA) 3.

Linares

It may be a bit early to claim that the Linares tournament in February-March was the strongest tournament of 1999 but there is a fair chance that, at category 20 with an average rating of 2735, it will be. The only statistically stronger events were Las Palmas 1996 and Linares 1998, both of which reached category 21 with average ratings over 2750.

Gary Kasparov's performance at Linares was perhaps slightly better than that at Wijk aan Zee but here he was far more dominant as nobody was able to run him close. After four rounds Michael Adams, the lowest-rated player, led with 3 points but Kasparov scored 5½ in the next six rounds to lead Vladimir Kramnik by a massive two points. By the end of the tournament the margin had grown to 2½ points.

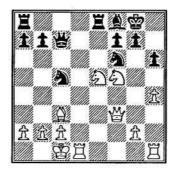
8 3 6 1 Kasparov G. RUS g 2812 • • 1/2 1/2 1 1 101/4 1 1/2 1 1/2 1/2 1 1/2 1 1 1/2 1 2 Kramnik V. RUS g 2751 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 3 Anand V. IND g 2781 ½ 0 ½ ½ 1/2 1 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1 1/2 0 1/2 HUNg 2694 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 4 Leko P 1/2 1/2 1/2 1 5 Topalov V. BUL g 2700 0 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 0 . . 1 1/2 6 Ivanchuk V. UKR g 2714 0 0 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 0 1/2 1/2 1 1 ½ ½ 0 0 ½ 7 Svidler P. RUS g 2713 ½ 0 ½ 0 0 ½ 8 Adams M. ENG g 2716 0 0 0 ½ ½ 0 1 ½ ½ ½ € 1 2 ½ 0 ● ● 5½ 7-8

Ratings would have been a good guide to betting odds as Vishy Anand and Kramnik were comfortably ranked 2 and 3 here and finished joint second. Kramnik was again undefeated, but this time Anand could only win three games to go with his single loss.

The other five players, with a mere 22-point rating spread, finished tightly bunched at the foot of the table – a fair way of describing it as none of them managed to score 50%.

Adams - Leko Caro-Kann [B19]

1.e4 c6 2.d4 d5 3.2d2 dxe4 4.2xe4 \(\text{Qf5} \) 5.2g3 \(\text{Qg6} \) 6.h4 h6 7.2f3 \(\text{Qf6} \) 8.2e5 \(\text{Qh7} \) 9.\(\text{Qd3} \) 2xd3 10.\(\text{Wxd3} \) e6 11.\(\text{Qd2} \) 2bd7 12.f4 \(\text{Qe7} \) 13.0-0-0 0-0 14.\(\text{We2} \) c5 15.dxc5 \(\text{2xc5} \) 16.\(\text{Qc3} \) \(\text{Wc7} \) 17.f5 exf5 18.2xf5 \(\text{Efe8} \) 19.\(\text{Wf3} \) \(\text{Qf8} \)



20.2xh6+! gxh6 21.2g4 2xg4

21...2fe4 22.2f6+ 2xf6 23. ₩xf6 and White wins one move sooner.

22.\Pxg4+ \Psi h7 23.\Pf5+ \Psi g8 24.\Pf6 \Psi h7 25.\Ph8+ \Psi g6 26.h5+ 1-0.

Ivi u z (Kasparov Sman [B90]

1.e4 c5 2.£13 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.£xd4 £166 5.£c3 a6 6.£c3 £24 7.£25 h6 8.£h4 g5 9.£23 £27 10.₩d2 £1c6 11.£h3 £125 12.f3 b5 13.£f2 £158 14.£t4 b4 15.£t41 £1xd4 16.£xd4 d5! 17.exd5

17. 2xe5 2xe5 18. 4xd5 4xd5 19. exd5 2b7 20. 2xe4 Ec8 21. 2xe5 Ec5 and Black's active pieces compensate for the pawn.

17...學xd5 18.c3 0-0 19.Ձe2 置d8 20.學e3 Ձb7 21.急f2 bxc3 22.Ձxc3 學e6 23.彙f1 23.0-0? 急xf3+.

23...@d5 24.b3 \(\mathbb{E}\) bc8 25.\(\mathbb{E}\)d1 \(\mathbb{E}\)xc3! 26.\(\mathbb{E}\)xc3 \(\mathbb{E}\)g4 27.\(\mathbb{E}\)a5 \(\mathbb{E}\)c3 + 28.\(\mathbb{E}\)g1 \(\mathbb{E}\)c8 29.\(\mathbb{E}\)xa6?

29.臣b1 全d4 30.世d2 世b6 gives Black ample pressure for the exchange but was nevertheless White's best chance.

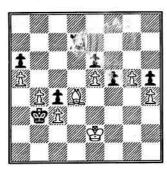
29...2xd1 30.\\xe6 \text{Qxe6 31.\text{Qxd1 \text{\ti}\text{\x}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\t

Anand - Svidler Grünfeld [D97]

25... ①xe6 26. ②xc4! ₩a5+ (26...bxc4 27. ₩h7+ Φf8 28.0-0+) 27. ②d2 ₩xd2+ 28. Φxd2 ਕxd4+ 29. Фe3 ਕxc4 and Black has three pieces for his queen but must give back one of them to save his king after 30. Ψh7+ Φf7 31. 氧hf1+.

26.Qd2 2xe5 27.Qe2 c3 28.Qxc3 b4 29.2xg7 bxc3 30.\(\psi\)h8+ \(\phi\)f7 31.0\(-0+1-0\).

The game Topalov-Kasparov reached the following position where White seems to be holding his own.



In queen endings it is usually not the number of pawns on each side that is decisive but whether any are passed and how far advanced they are. Here, however, Kasparov relies on a much more basic concept — a mating attack — helped by the fact that the white Ψ has very few checking possibilities.

55.\$\psi_e3 \psi_c3! \ 56.\$\psi_d8 \psi_d3+ \ 57.\$\psi_f4 \psi_d2+ \ 58.\$\psi_f3 \psi_d1+ \ 59.\$\psi_e3

White is lost whatever he plays.

59... \(\psi_g1 + 60.\phie2 \) \(\psi_g2 + 61.\phie3 \) \(f4 + 1 \) \(0 - 1 \) \(62.\phixf4 \) \(\phid3 \) \(63.\psi_g5 \) \(\psi_f2 \) \(\mathreat{mate.} \)

Svidler - Kasparov Sicilian [B53]

1.e4 c5 2.£f3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.\(\mathbb{\psi}\)xd4 \(\frac{1}{2}\)c6 5.\(\mathbb{\psi}\)b5 \(\mathbb{\psi}\)d7 6.\(\mathbb{\psi}\)c6 \(\mathbb{\psi}\)c6 7.\(\mathbb{\psi}\)c6 8.\(\mathbb{\psi}\)g5 e6 9.0\(-0\)
0 \(\mathbb{\psi}\)c7 10.\(\mathbb{\psi}\)he1 0\(-0\) 11.\(\mathbb{\psi}\)b1 h6 12.\(\mathbb{\psi}\)h4 \(\mathbb{\psi}\)e8 13.\(\mathbb{\psi}\)g3 d5 14.e5 \(\mathbb{\psi}\)e4!

Black sacrifices a pawn in order to open up lines for his two bishops.

18. Exe4 is strongly met by 18... 2c6 and the

same applies on the following move.

18... Hac8 19. c 2 b5 20. Exe4 b4 21. He3 a5 22. c 2?

22.\(\mathbb{E}\)ed3 is better. After the text Black's initiative is worth more than just one pawn.

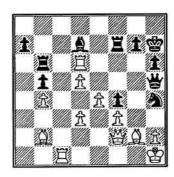
22...Qc6 23.f3 \(\text{Exd1}\) 24.\(\psi\)xd1 \(\text{Qc5}\) 25.\(\text{Ed3}\) \(\text{Qb5}\) 26.\(\text{Ed2}\) \(\text{Qe3}\) 27.\(\text{Ed6}\) bxc3 28.\(\text{Exc3}\)

28.bxc3 &c4 is no improvement.

28...\$\text{91} 29.\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\phi}\$}} 30.\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\geta}\$}} 231.\$\text{\$\text{\$\phi}\$} 2\$ \$\text{\$\text{\$\geta}\$} 45 33.\$\text{\$\text{\$\geta}\$} 45 34.\$\text{\$\text{\$\geta}\$} 1 44 35.\$\text{\$\text{\$\geta}\$} 64 36.\$\text{\$\text{\$\geta}\$} 37.\$\text{\$\geta}\$ 6 \$\text{\$\geta}\$ 18 38.\$\text{\$\geta}\$ 13 39.\$\text{\$\geta}\$ 24 40.\$\text{\$\geta}\$ 17 \$\text{\$\geta}\$ 64 1.\$\text{\$\geta}\$ 23 42.\$\text{\$\geta}\$ 24 60.\$\text{\$\geta}\$ 13 45 \$\text{\$\geta}\$ 13 45 \$

Anand - Adams English [A17]

1.එf3 Ŷf6 2.c4 e6 3.Ŷc3 Ŷb4 4.\(\psi\)b3 c5 5.g3 Ŷc6 6.a3 Ŷa5 7.\(\psi\)g2 0-0 8.0-0 d6 9.e3 e5 10.d3 \(\psi\)b8 11.\(\psi\)d2 \(\psi\)f5 12.\(\psi\)d5 \(\psi\)xd5 13.cxd5 \(\psi\)e7 14.\(\psi\)c4 b5 15.\(\psi\)xa5 \(\psi\)xa5 16.e4 \(\psi\)d7 17.\(\psi\)d1 f5 18.b4 cxb4 19.\(\psi\)g5 \(\psi\)c8 20.\(\psi\)d2 f4 21.gxf4 h6 22.\(\psi\)h4 exf4 23.f3 \(\psi\)b6+ 24.\(\psi\)f2 \(\psi\)d8 25.axb4 \(\psi\)g5 26.\(\psi\)h1 \(\psi\)h5 27.\(\psi\)g1 \(\psi\)b6 28.\(\psi\)d4 \(\psi\)f7 29.\(\psi\)f2 \(\psi\)h7 30.\(\psi\)gc1 \(\psi\)e7 31.\(\psi\)a6 \(\psi\)g6 32.\(\psi\)xd6 \(\psi\)h4 33.\(\psi\)b2 \(\psi\)b6



34.Exd7! Exd7 35.\text{\$\text{Q}\$h3 \text{\$\text{E}\$f\$} 36.\text{\$\text{\$\text{Q}}\$g\$} \text{\$\ext{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\tex{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\}\exititt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\te

43... ①xf5 44. 學xf5+ 如h8 45. 學xf4 如h7 46. 學f5+ 如h8 47. 學g6 and the threat of 學xh6+ is decisive.

44.@c8! ᡚxf3 45.₩e6+ 1-0.

1.e4 c5 2.Ŷſ3 d6 3.d4 cxd4 4.Ŷxd4 Ŷſ6 5.Ŷc3 a6 6.f3 e6 7.Ŷe3 b5 8.g4 h6 9.\d2 Ŷbd7 10.0-0-0 Ŷb7 11.h4 b4 12.Ŷb1 d5 13.Ŷh3 g5 14.hxg5 hxg5 15.exd5 Ŷxd5 16.Ŷxg5 \dagger b6!

An improvement on 16... as played in the round 3 game Leko-Topalov.

17.2g2 Exh1 18.2xh1

The point of 16... \$\Psi b6\$ is seen after 18.\Pixh1\$ when 18... \$\Q26 g\$ gains time with the attack on the \$\Q24\$.

18...Ξc8 19.Ξe1 Ψa5 20.f4 Ψxa2 21.f5 Δc5 22.fxe6 Qg7!

23.exf7+ \$\Phi\$xf7 24.\text{Q}xd5+? \$\Psi\$xd5 25.\text{E}e7+ \$\Phi\$g8 26.\text{E}xg7+

Forced, as the 2d4 is otherwise lost.

26...Фxg7 27.£c3!

For Kasparov, the game started here – he had had this position on the board in pregame preparation!

27...bxc3 28.2f5+ \$f7

28... 世xf5?? 29. 世xc3+ 如g6 30. gxf5+ 如g5 31. 世g7+ 如xf5 32.b4 and Black's position collapses.

29.Ψxd5+ Qxd5 30.Ωd6+ Φg6 31.Ωxc8 Φxg5 32.Ωb6 Qe6 33.bxc3 Φxg4

So Black has an extra piece and White's drawing chances lie in either eliminating the a-pawn or exchanging knights.

34.\$b2 \$f4 35.\$a3 a5 36.\$a4 \$e4?

After this the game should be drawn according to computer analysis. Correct was 36...Ωd7! 37.Ωb2 Ωb6 38.c4 ②xc4 39.Ωxc4 Ωxc4+ 40.Φb3 Ωe5 41.Φa4 Ωc6 42.Φb5 Φe5-+.

37.£b2 2xc3 38.£d3+ \$\phi\$e3 39.£c5 \$\partial ff\$ 40.\$\phi\$b2 £\phi\$d5 41.£b7 a4 42.c4 \$\partial b6\$ 43.£d6 \$\partial d6\$ \$\part

The position after 45...\$\psi d4 46.\$\psi xa4 \$\psi xc5\$ can be won by Black but as it takes more than 50 moves the correct result would be a draw!

46.9b5 9e7 47.9a7??

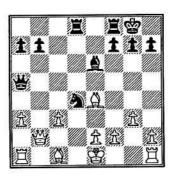
47.Ŷc3 followed by 48.Ŷxa4 draws. In playing the text Anand overlooked a very nasty 50th move.

47...\$d4 48.c6 \$d5 49.\$b5+ \$c5 50.c7 \$f5! 0−1

50... Lafs 51. Δa4 (51. Δa7 Δxc7 52. Δxa4 Δb6 wins the knight) 51... Δb6+ 52. Δa5 Δc4+ 53. Δa6 (53. Δa4 Lc2 mate) 53... Lac8+ 54. Δa7 Δxb5 55. Δb8 Δd6 and mate follows quickly.

Topalov - Ivanchuk English [A35]

14... Ead8? fails because of 15.2xb7 but the text takes over the initiative for a pawn.



18...£xe2! 19.Фxe2 ☐fe8 20.₩b4

20.\(\text{Q}e3 \) is no improvement: 20...\(\text{Q}g4+ 21.f3 \) \(\text{Z}xe4 22.fxg4 \) \(\text{U}c5 23.\) \(\text{U}c1 \) \(\text{Z}de8. \)

20... \$\Ph\$5+! 21.f3 f5 22.g4 \$\Ph\$h3 23.gxf5 \$\Pa\$xf5 24.\$\Pc4+ \$\Ph\$h8 25.\$\Pa\$e1 \$\Pa\$xe4+! 0-1

NZCF Council report

By NZCF President Peter Stuart

Council Vacancies

Paul Macdonald advised that, because of work pressure he was unable take up his position as an Auckland Councillor. The Council has co-opted Ted Frost as one Wellington Councillor but there are still vacancies for one Wellington and one Canterbury Councillor.

Special General Meeting

Affiliates will have received notice of a special general meeting toi be held in Auckland on 29th April for the purpose of discussing a one-off change in format for this year's North Island Championship. The Hamilton club, which has been awarded the event by the Council, is keen to make it a FIDE-rated tournament and therefore sought leave to have two grades, a Championship grade and a Reserve Championship. The proposed minimum ratings for the Championship are 1900 (NZCF standard) or 2000 (FIDE). Hamilton has arranged sponsorship which is conditional upon the event being FIDE-rated so that a mor attractive prize fund will be possible if they get the go-ahead from the SGM.

While these proposals came from the Hamilton club, the remit came from the Council as, in the relatively short time remaining, it was thought impractical to expect Hamilton to arrange for the required level of club support for calling a special general meeting. They note that the 1990 North Island Championship, also in Hamilton, adopted the two-grade format. The further trial of this idea, with the added concept of FIDE rating, will give us another chance to assess the merits of the format before contemplating a permanent change.

Zonals

The Australian Chess Federation newsletter for 23 March gives the following confirmed entries for the Zonals, being held at the Surfers Paradise Parkroyal from 13-21 April.

Men (all Australia unless otherwise indicated): Darryl Johansen (2490), Aleks Wohl (2440), Stephen Solomon (2435), Russell Dive (NZ, 2440), Alexei Kulashko (NZ, 2396), Rajnesh Parmeshwar (Fiji, 2000), Kerry Corker (2000), Eddi Levi (2245), Chris Depasquale (2302), Vladimir Feldman (2330), Elija Ilic (2115), Andrew Allen (2261), David Smerdon (2173), Brett Tindall (2250), John Paul Wallace (2360), Zong-Yuan Zhao (2000) and Daniel Dwyer (2186).

Women: Ngan Phan-Koshnitsky (2155), Irina Berezina (2230), Veronica Klimenko (2100) and Narelle Szuveges (2000).

A few other players have indicated their intention to enter though none of these, as far as we know, is from New Zealand.

In the absence of GM Ian Rogers the field for the Men's Zonal is relatively open and we wish Russell and Alexei a successful tournament. The Council has not been able to attract an official entry for the Women's Zonal so it seems unlikely that New Zealand will be represented there.

N.Z. Junior and Women's Championships

Venues and organisers are still sought for these events. The Council hopes that the junior event can be played in the first week ofthe midyear holidays, instead of October as in the last couple of years since the change to the four-term year, to give more time for selection and preparation of representatives for international junior and youth championships which are usually held late in the year.

It has been suggested that the Women's championship could be held at Queen's Birthday weekend now that the usual Easter is behind us.

Editor to retire

Ted Frost, editor of *NZ Chess*, has advised NZCF Council that he will retire this year. Anyone interested in taking over is invited to contact the editor or Council.

NZ Chess

Affiliated Clubs

Clubs are requested to advise NZ Chess of any changes in details given below

Ashburton PO Box 204, Ashburton. Meets Monday 7.30pm (Feb-Oct), Room 1 (upstairs), Public Library, cnr Havelock and West Streets. Contact, Roy Keeling (03)308-6936.

Auckland Chess Centre Meets Monday & Thursday 7.15pm, 17 Cromwell St, Mt Eden, Auckland 1003. Tel (09)630-2042 clubroom; contacts club captain Paul MacDonald (09)419-2015; secretary Tony Kesseler (09)412-8184.

Canterbury, PO Box 25-242, Christchurch. Meets Wednesday, 7.30pm., 227 Bealey Avenue; tel (03)366-3935 clubroom. Pres, Gavin Dawes (03)352-4851; Sec, Quentin Johnson (03)355-7166.

Civic Tuesday 7.30pm, Museum Room, Turnbull House, Bowen Street, Wellington 1. Pres, John Gillespie (04)476-3729; Sec, Brent Southgate (04)475-7604.

Gambit Sec, Ted Frost, 103 Koromiko Road, Gonville, Wanganui. Tel (06)347-6098.

Hamilton: Thurs, 7.15, Methodist Centre, 56 Landon Street. Inquiries Pres, Hilton Bennett, 65 Te Aroha St (07)839-6406 or (025)964-773.

Hastings-Havelock North P.O. Box 184, Hastings. Wednesday 7pm, Library, Havelock N High School, Te Mata Rd. Sec, Chris Smith (06)877-4583.

Howick-Pakuranga Tuesday 7.30pm, St John Ambulance Hall, Howick-Pakuranga Highway, Highland Park. Pres, Paul Spiller (09)535-4962; sec, Kees van den Bosch (09)521-5828.

Invercargill Wednesday 8pm, staff room, South School, Ness St. Sec, Robert Mackway Jones, 5 Pine Cres, Invercargill (03)217-1154.

Kapiti Wednesday, 7.30pm, Salvation Army Hall, Bluegum Rd. Paraparaumu Beach. Sec, Rosemary Kingston, 51 Ames St, Paekakariki (04)292-8157.

New Plymouth 11 Gilbert St, New Plymouth. Tuesdays, 7.30pm. Pres, R P Bowler, 17a Hori St (06)753-6282. Contact, Bob Bowler.

North Shore P.O. Box 33-587, Takapuna, Auckland 9. Meets Wednesday 7.30pm, Northcote Community Centre, cnr College Rd/Ernie Mays St, Northcote. Club capt, Peter Stuart, 24 Seacliffe Ave, Belmont (09)445-6377.

Otago 7 Maitland St, Dunedin. Wednesday and Saturday, 7.30pm. Tel (03)477-6919 clubroom. Pres, Trevor Rowell, (03)455-1441.

Upper Hutt Monday 7.30pm, Hapai Club, 879 Fergusson Drive. See, Glen Sullivan, 14a Crystal Grove, Birchville, U Hutt (04)526-5085.

Waitemata Thursday 7.30pm, Kelston Comm Centre, cnr Great North Rd and Awaroa Rd, Kelston; jun 6-7.30pm Thursdays, schooldays. Pres, Bob Smith, 2 Autumn Ave, Glen Eden (09)818-4113 or contact Bruce Pollard (09)818-2342.

Wanganul Monday, 1st floor, Commercial Club, St Hill St. Pres, Gordon Hoskyn, 7 Pehi St (06)343-6101; sec, K Yorston, 5 Mitchell St (06)343-7166.

Wellington Friday 7.30pm, Lighthouse Centre, 235 Karori Road, Karori. 6pm, juniors. Pres, Julian Mazur. Sec, Ross Jackson (04)563-8013.

Associate members

Huntly, Tuesdays 7.30pm 14 Ralph Street.. Club capt, John Smeed, 140 Great South Road, Huntly. (07)828-7481.

Napier Sec , Napier.

NZ Correspondence Chess Assn, P.O. Box 3278, Wellington. Sec, J W (Sandy) Maxwell, (04)237-475 3.

Palmerston North Tuesday, 7.30pm, Palm Nth Intermediate School, Ferguson St. Tournament Director, Tony Dowden (06) 353-1354.

Papatoetoe Wednesday 7.30pm, St George's Anglican Church Hall, Landscape Rd, Papatoetoe. Contacts, John McRae (09)278-4520 or Katrine Metge (sec) 278-7173.

Petone Gambit Thursday 7.30pm Central Bowling Club, Roxburgh St, Petone. Pres, Mark Noble, 97 Seddon St, Naenae, Lower Hutt (04)567-0467.

Whangarei Gambit Thursday 7pm, Whangarei YWCA. Contact, Geoffrey Gill (09)438-3035.

District Associations

Auckland Chess Assn, Sec, Kees van den Bosch, 61A St Johns Road, Auckland 1005 (09)521-5828.

Wellington District Chess Assn Inc,