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## NEW ZEALAND CHESS

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## ALL GAMES

FIRST HALF

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All articles and letters should be addressed to the editor, 11 Arizona Grove, Kowhai Park, Wellington.
Correspondence to the association should be addressed to the Secretary, NZCA, PO BOX 3130, Wellington.
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## INSIDE STORY

The council heard that Ben Martin had achieved the FM title. FIDE reported that he had had a rating of 2310 for 24 games.

Reporting on the conclusion of the Asian that thanks be sent to Orvin sarapu, arbiter christchurch city council sponsor and canterbury Chess club for assistance.
1 An offer of the use of a laptop computer if the association bought some ChessBase the system had limited use in the situation obtaining at an Olympiad an Olympiad
Ted Frost's appointment to council was confirmed and New Plymouth's offer to host write other clubs on the matter We hasten to add there was no resistance to Now Plymouth's offer; it was just an over-zealous reaction to the lack of other offers!

Once again someone said there was little understanding in the chess world about what was being done for them (by the association, ing to keep you up to date with council's doings, could you please tell us what information you are lacking.
It would appear that council will probably go ahead with incorporation on the basis of club are in favour of only dissenting voice (we just hope you will think about it.

The acting treasurer has reported that half the country's clubs had not then paid affiliafunds and drew support from one councillor who suggested that the council was being lax in its control of sperding and who mentioned the report from a sub-committee. It recommended a reduction in sponsorship of overseas travel except on "hardship" then the council approved many thousands for Olympiad travel, a good proporton of it from another designated account

If we hold a World Cup event in 1991 it is likely to be in July, Michael Fowler Centre etc.

Council will propose increasing affiliation fees to $\$ 10$ adult, $\$ 5$ schoolpupit, rating levy \$2. Offshore
Council's nominations via Civic club did not include a secretary or treasurer when we held the council meeting. Anybody fancy a job?
NOTE NEW PO BOX No - 3130 WGTN

## NEW ZEALAND CHESS

EDITOR: Bill Ramsay
OVERSEAS EDITOR: NM Peter Stuart
WOMEN'S EDITOR: Vivian Smith
SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT: Emil Melnichenko

## THE LONG AND THE SHORT

The match being played just now for the World Chess Championship gives each player 150 minutes for 40 moves, a time control that has been in vogue for some years.

However, many tournaments are now adopting 120 minutes for 40 moves and some even include six-hour sessions as happened at the Olympiad in Thessaloniki.

It is possible that such controls are brought about by organisers, intent on fitting in with meal times, media deadlines and so on but it is equally possible that they are sought to improve the image and competitiveness of chess.

As far as we can ascertain, the resistance to shorter time controls comes from the stronger, successful members of the chess fraternity. The main claim we have heard is that slower time controls enable higher quality, perfection. The inclusion of that last word of the previous sentence tells us a lot about their type of quality.

A more likely reason for their resistance is that they could, at a faster time control, make a mistake and actuallv lose! When one considers that prize money or reputation could be at risk, such fear or resistance may be justified. Only may be, because if they cannot lose there is no competition, no prizes and probably no opponent!

When some people made attempts to introduce, or have introduced, $30 / 30$ events, one teaction was to "ask the experts", in this case, the top players. As a result New Zealand now has some $60 / 60,45+15$ and other oddities. The one bright spot is the very successful Upper Hutt 40/40 which started long before $30 / 30$ was thought about.

However. 30/30 is the FIDE-recognised time control for 'rapid", "allegro' or "action' chess events. With five or six-round tournaments lasting just one day. America and Britain have embraced the concept and even have a $30 / 30$ international rating list. When will we take it up?

## WORLD CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP NEW YORK 1990

We have more than one source of the games from the world championship but so far the university bulletin board has given us most in terms of annotation.

We knew it would come and it has. One of the principal annotators is Deep Thought, a computer! At last the organisers have found the real use of the machines; as a person support, not replacement

| GAME ONE |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| A Karpov v G Kasparov |  |
| King's Indian |  |
| $1 \mathrm{d4}$ | Nf6 |
| 2 c 4 | g6 |
| 3 Nc 3 | Bg7 |
| 4 e4 | d6 |
| 5 f3 | 0-0 |
| 6 Be 3 | c6 |
| 7 Bd 3 | a6 |
| 8 Nge2 | b5 |
| 90-0 | Nbd7 |
| 10 Rc1 | 05 |
| 11 a3 | exd4 |
| 12 Nxd4 | Bb7 |
| 13 cxb5 | cxb5 |
| 14 Ret | Ne5 |
| 15 Bf1 | Re8 |
| 16 Bf2 | d5 |
| 17 exd5 | Nxd5 |
| 18 Nxd5 | Oxd5 |
| $19 \mathrm{a4}$ | Bh6 |
| 20 Ra1 | Nc4 |

GAME TWO
G Kasparov v A Karpov
Ruy Lopez

| 1 e 4 | e5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $2 \mathrm{Nf3}$ | Nc6 |
| 3 Bb 5 | a6 |
| 4 Ba4 | Nf6 |
| 50-0 | Be7 |
| 6 Re1 | b5 |
| 7 Bb3 | d6 |
| 8 c 3 | 0-0 |
| 9 h 3 | Bb7 |
| 10 d 4 | Re8 |
| 11 a4 | Bf8 |
| 12 Bc 2 | h6 |
| 13 Nbd 2 | exd4 |
| 14 cxd4 | Nb4 |
| 15 Bb 1 | bxa4 |
| 16 Rxa4 | a5 |
| 17 Ra 3 | Ra6 |
| 18 Nh2 | g6 |

Apparently this has all been
played before! Kasparov's next was considered a TN, theoretical novelty, in case you didn't know.

| $19 \mathrm{f3}$ | Qd7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20 Nc | Qb5 |
| $21 \mathrm{Rc3}$ | Bc8 |
| 22 Be | Kh |

Other suggestions were $22 \ldots$ Qb7 or $22 \ldots . .15$ but Shamkovich said that then 23 d5 looked strong, gaining space and cramping Black.

| 23 Qc1 | c6 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Guarding against | $24 \mathrm{Na}^{3}$ |
| $24 \mathrm{Ng}_{4}$ | $\mathbf{N g} 8$ |

Most Black pieces seem to be on
the wrong side of the board and
White could have an attack.

$a b c d e f g h$

## 25 Bxh6! <br> Bxh6

If $25 \ldots$..Nxh6 $26 \mathrm{Nt} 6+$

| 26 Nxh6 | Nxh6 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 27 Nxd6 | Qb6 |

27 Nxd6 Qb6
Many thought an intermediate 28 Rc5 was now best. All the time DT thinks Kasparov is a third of a pawn ahead, or half a pawn, or quarter of a pawn. It suggested moves which changed with time; more time more changes.

| 28 Nxe8 | Qxd4t |
| :--- | :--- |
| $29 \mathrm{Kh1}$ | Qd8 |
| $30 \mathrm{Rd1}$ | Qxe8 |
| 31 Qg5 |  |

31 Qg5
The grandmasters thought Kasparov was winning but DT gave a long line leading to a draw! $31 \ldots$ Ra7
Because of the slow time control 40 in two and a half, both players still have more than 30 minutes left. 32 Rd8

Qe6
33 f4!
"Crushing" said Christiansen who thought 33 ...f6 was forced

| $33 \ldots$ | Ba6 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3415 | Oe7 |



| GAME FIVE |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| A Karpov v G Kaspar |  |
| King's In | Defenc |
| 1 d4 | Nf6 |
| 2 c 4 | g6 |
| 3 Nc 3 | Bg7 |
| 4 e4 | d6 |
| 5 Nf3 | 0-0 |
| 6 Be 2 | 05 |
| 7 Be3 | Na6 |

A little known move, probably intended to confuse Karpov. The third game showed the main alternative.

| $80-0$ | c6 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 9 dxe5 | dxe5 |
| 10 Qxd8 | Rxd8 |
| 11 Rfdf1 | Re8 |
| $12 \mathrm{h3}$ | Bf8 |
| $13 \mathrm{Nd2}$ | b6 |

Not so good, according to some grandmasters. They recommended $13 . . \mathrm{Bc} 5$ with equality.

| $14 \mathrm{a3}$ | Nc5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $15 \mathrm{b4}$ | Ne6 |
| $16 \mathrm{Nb3}$ | Ba6 |
| A strange | move, some |
| 16...a5 was preferred. |  |
| $17 \mathrm{f3}$ | Nh5 |
| 18 Bf 2 | Red8 |
| $19 \mathrm{Bf1}$ | Nhf4 |
| 20 g 3 | Nh5 |
| 21 Kg 2 | f5 |
| 22 Rab1 | Rac8 |

The position is now considered even.

| 23 Rxd8 | Rxd8 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 24 Rd1 | Rxd1 |
| 25 Nxd1 | fxe4 |

25 Nxd
26 fxe4
c5

| $27 \mathrm{bxc5}$ | Nxc5 |
| :--- | :---: |
| 28 Nxc5 | Bxc5 |
| 29 Bxc5 | bxc5 |
| 30 Nc 3 | Nf6 |
| $31 \mathrm{Kf3}$ | Bb7 |
| 32 Bd 3 | Kf8 |
| $33 \mathrm{h4}$ | h6 |
| 34 Bc 2 | Ke7 |
| $35 \mathrm{Ba4}$ | a6 |
| $36 \mathrm{Ke3}$ | Drav |

GAME SIX
G Kasparov v A Karpov
Ruy Lopez

| 1 e4 | e5 | 40 gxh5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 Nf3 | Nc6 | 41 Rc8 |
| 3 Bb5 | Draw agreed. |  |

4 Ba4 Nf6 GAME SEVEN
Notes: Elliott Winsiow IM
A Karpov v G Kasparov
King's Indian Defence

| 1 d 4 | $\mathrm{Nf6}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $2 \mathrm{c4}$ | g 6 |
| 3 Nc 3 | Bg 7 |
| $4 \mathrm{e4}$ | d 6 |
| 5 Nf 3 | $0-0$ |
| 6 Be 2 | $\mathrm{e5}$ |
| $7 \mathrm{Be3}$ | $\mathrm{Na6}$ |
| $8 \mathrm{O}-0$ | Ng 4 |
| $9 \mathrm{Bg5}$ | $\mathrm{f6}$ |

TN. 9...Qe8 has been played frequently - six games in the New In Chess database.

| 10 Bct | Kh8 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $11 \mathrm{h3}$ | Nh6 |
| $12 \mathrm{dxe5}$ | fxe5 |

Ex-world champion Mikhail Tal, who joined the sellout crowd tonight, felt that Black was better after 12...dxe5

| 27 Nxc4 | Qxc4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 28 Bb3 | Qc3 |
| 29 Kh2 | h6 |
| 30 Bxf6 | Nxf6 |
| 31 Re3 | Qc7 |
| 32 Rf3 | Kh7 |
| 33 Ne3 | Qe7 |
| 34 Nd5 | Nxd5 |
| 35 Bxd5 | Ra7 |
| 36 Qb3 | f6 |
| 37 Qb8 | g6 |
| 38 Rc3 | h5 |
| 39 g4 | Kh6 |
| 40 gxh5 | Kxh5 |
| 41 Rc8 | Bg7 |
| Draw agreed. |  |

$50-0 \quad \mathrm{Be7}$
7 Bb3 d6

| $8 \mathrm{c3}$ | $\mathrm{O}-0$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $9 \mathrm{h3}$ | $\mathrm{Nd7}$ |

$10 \mathrm{d4} \quad \mathrm{Na7}$
$11 a 4$
12 axb5

## 13 Rxa8

 14 d5 15 Bc2 16 b317 Na3 Ba6
18 Nh2 c6
19 dxc6 Qxc6
20 Bd2 Be7
21 Ng4 Ra8
22 Ne3 Nf6

23 Nf5
24 Bg5
25 c4
26 bxc4

| 13 Be3 | Nf7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 14 Od2 | Nc5 |

Dzindzichashvili gave White the advantage but Rohde said ...Ne6 and ...c5 led to an equal game.
15 Ng5
15 b4 Ne6!? Tal thought that 15 Bxc5 dxc5 16 Qe3 was best.
15 ...
Nxg5
16 Bxg5 Bf6
17 Be3 Ne6

## 18 Bg4

Byrne thought that Black should play Ne6-d4, else White will exchange at $\theta 6$ and his knight would be stronger than the bishop but Rohde gave 18...Nd4 19 Bxc8 Pxc8 or Qxc8, then 20 Bxd4 exd4 21 Nb 5.

| $18 \ldots$ | h5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 19 Bxe6 | Bxe6 |
| 20 Nd5 | Bh4 |

20 No5 Bh4
Shamkovich suggested 21 Bxa7 with the idea of 21...Rxa7 22 Qh6+ Kg8 23 Qxg6+ but Rohde said 21...g5!? or $21 . . . B x d 5$ equalled.

## 21 Rac1

21 f4l? - Chow. If 21...exf4 22 Nxf4 Bf7 $23 \mathrm{Bd} 4+\mathrm{Kh} 724 \mathrm{Nd5}$ or 21...c6 22 fxe5 dxe5 23 Bc5 or 22...cxd5 23 cxd5 with an attack.

21 ...
Kh7
Now Tal pointed out 22 f 4 exf4 with the idea Qd8-b6.

| 22 | Rc3 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 23 b3 | Rf7 |
| 24 | C6 |
| 25 | Rcc1 |
| 26 f4 | Rd7 |
| 27 Bxf4 | exf4 |
|  | Qa5 |

Many felt this to be a blunder.
 considerable debate: 29...Bg5 30 Nf6+ Kh6 31 Bxc5 Bxd2 32 Rcd1 Rdd8 and Black is holding - Loeffler.

## 29 ... <br> 30 cxd5 <br> Bxd5

Giving up a pawn but Seirawan considers this a mistake. Originally, Lautier and Tisdall felt that 30 ...Qb5 may not be too bad but Rohde found 31 a4 Qxb3 32 dxc6 bxc6 33 $a 5$.

| 31 dxc6 | bxc6 |
| :--- | :---: |
| 32 Rxc6 | Re8 |
| 33 Rc4 | Qxd2 |
| 34 Bxd2 | Be5 |
| 35 Be3 | Bg3 |
| 36 Rf3 | h4 |
| 37 Bf2 | Bxt2 |

37...Rde7 38 Bxg3 hxg3 39 Rxg3 Rxe4 40 Rxe4 Rxe4 41 Rg5 +Dzindzi (That's a better spelling! ed).
38 Rxf2
Rde7
39 Rf4

| 40 Rt6 | Rxe4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 41 Rxe4 | Rxe4 |
| 42 Rxd6 | Re7 |
| 43 Ra6 | Kg7 |

Black resigned before resuming. The extra pawn and more active rook make the win child's play.

## GAME EIGHT

## G Kasparov v A Karpov

Ruy Lopez

| $1 \mathrm{e4}$ | e5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $2 \mathrm{Nf3}$ | Nc 6 |
| $3 \mathrm{Bb5}$ | $\mathrm{a6}$ |
| $4 \mathrm{Ba4}$ | $\mathrm{Nf6}$ |
| $5 \mathrm{0}-0$ | $\mathrm{Be7}$ |
| $6 \mathrm{Re1}$ | $\mathrm{b5}$ |
| $7 \mathrm{Bb3}$ | d 6 |
| $8 \mathrm{c3}$ | $\mathrm{O-0}$ |
| $9 \mathrm{h3}$ | $\mathrm{Nd7}$ |
| $10 \mathrm{d4}$ | $\mathrm{Bf6}$ |
| $11 \mathrm{a4}$ | $\mathrm{Bb7}$ |
| $12 \mathrm{Be3}$ | $\mathrm{Na5}$ |

Kasparov varied from 12 axb5 in game 6 and Karpov took 11 minutes thought.

| 13 Bc 2 | Nc4 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 14 Bc | $\mathrm{d5}$ |

A TN from Karpov! One previous game reference was 14...Ncb6 15 b3 bxa4 a5. Rohde, at the match, considered 14...d5; now 15 axb5 axb5 = (15...dxe4 16 Nxe5 is good) or 15 exd5 Bxd5 16 b3 Bxf3 17 Qxf3 Nd6 looks equal. Kasparov thought for over 40 minutes before replying.

## 15 dxe5 Ndxe5 <br> 16 Nxe5 Nxe5

Shamkovich now expected 17 f4 Nc4 18 e5 Bh4 unclear.

17 axb5
And Karpov gave this one 37 minutes thought.

| 18 Rxa8 | Qxa8 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $19 \mathrm{f4}$ | Ng6 |
| 20 e5 | Bh4 |
| 21 Rf1 | Be7 |
| 22 Nd2 | Bc5+ |

That one took 30 minutes.

## 23 Kh 2

d4
23...Be3 24 Nf 3 (24 Nb3 doesn't block the long diagonal) 24 ...Bxc1 is a positional edge for White. In this line, if 24...Bxf4+ 25 Bxf4 Nxf4 26 Bxh7+ or 26 Ng 5 give White a strong attack.

| 24 Qe2 | dxc3 |
| :--- | ---: |
| 25 bxc3 | Rd8 |

Seirawan: 25 Ne4 cxb2 26 Bxb2 with attack but Dzindzi likes 25...Bxe4 26 Bxe4 Qa2 with play.

| 26 Ne4 | Ba3 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 27 Bxa3 | Bxe4 |
| 28 Oxe4 | Qxa3 |
| 29 f5 | Ne7 |
| A surprise but $29 . . . N 8830$ e6 fxe6 |  |
| 31 fxe6 Qd6+ 32 | Kh1 Qxe6 33 |
| Rxf8+ |  |
| 30 Qh4 | $f 6$ |
| 31 Qg3 | Kf8 |
| 32 Kh1 | Qc5 |
| 33 exf6 | gxf6 |
| 34 Bb3 | Nd5 |
| 35 Qh4 | Kg7 |
| 36 Rd1 | c6 |
| 37 Rd4 | Qxc3 |
| 38 Rg4+ | Kh8 |
| 39 Bxd5 |  |
| Thought to be a | time trouble error |
| but Kasparov had | five minutes left |

and Karpov was on his last one!

| $39 \ldots$ | Qa1+ |
| :--- | ---: |
| 40 Kh2 | Qe5+ |
| 41 Rg3 | cxd5 |

A blunder would be $41 \ldots \mathrm{Rxd} 542$
Qg4. Splitting the pawns makes
Black's task that much harder

## 42 Qg4 <br> Qc7 <br> 43 Qd4

44 Kh1
A subtle and pre-emptive decision. The main line was thought to be 44 Qg4 Qd7 preventing 45 Qd4 again.

| $44 \ldots$ | Re8 |
| :--- | :---: |
| 45 Gg 4 | Qd7 |
| 46 Rd 3 | Re1+ |
| 47 Kh 2 | Re4 |

47 Kh2
Re4
48 Qg3
48 Qd1 loses to 48 ...Qd6+ 49 Kg 1 Qe5 threatening 50...Re1+.

| $48 \ldots$ | Re5 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 49 Ra3 | Re8 |
| 50 Qf4 | Qb7 |

So that if 51 Qd6 Qb8 exchanges into a won endgame.

| 51 Kh1 | Qb8 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 52 Qh4 | Qb6 |
| 53 Qb4 | d4 |

53 Qb4 d4
Again in time trouble, Karpov takes a step but the pressroom consensus is that 53 ...Qf2 was very strong, intending ...Re1+, ...Rg8 or
..Qxf5

| 54 Rg 3 | Qc7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 55 Rd 3 | Qc1+ |
| $56 \mathrm{Kh2}$ | Qf4+ |
| 57 Kg 1 | Qc1+ |
| 58 Kh 2 | Qf4+ |
| 59 Kg 1 | Rc8 |



GAME TEN
G Kasparov v A Karpov
Petroff Defence

| 1 e4 05 | 1 d4 | Nf6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| civis Nf6 | $2 \mathrm{c4}$ | g6 |
| They have played this line four | 3 Nc3 | Bg7 |
| times before with Kasprov winning | 4 e4 | d6 |
| one and drawing the others. | 5 Nf3 | 0-0 |
| $3 \mathrm{d4}$ exd4 | 6 Be 2 | 05 |
| 405 Ne4 | $7 \mathrm{Be3}$ | exd4 |
| 5 Qxd4 45 | $8 \mathrm{Nxd4}$ | Pe8 |
| 6 exd6 NxdE | 9 f 3 | c6 |
| 7 Nc3 Nc6 | 10 Qd2 | d5 |
| 8 Off Nf5 | 11 exd5 | cxd5 |
| $9 \mathrm{Bb5}$ | $120-0$ | Nc6 |
| Dzindzi said this was a strong new | 13 c 5 | Rxe3?! |

Throwing a monkey wrench into what is normally a very good position for White. More usual are ...Qe7, ...Bd7 or ...Nh5.

| 14 Qxe3 | Qf8 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 15 Nxc6 | bxc6 |
| 16 Kh1 | Rb8 |

Now 17 b3 loses to $17 \ldots$...d4 18 Qxd4 Nd5 (Dzindzi).
$\begin{array}{ll}17 \mathrm{Na4} & \text { Rb4 } \\ 18 \mathrm{b3} & \text { Be6 }\end{array}$
Christiansen thought 18...Nh5 was very strong,
19 Nb2 Nh5
Most present (including Deep Thought) saw the outcome but thought Black had better.

| 20 Nd3 | Rh4 |
| :--- | :---: |
| 21 Of2 | Qe7 |
| 22 g4 | Bd4 |
| 23 Oxd4 | Rh2+ |
| 24 Kxh2 | Qh4+ |

Black has perpetual check so the game is drawn.

| GAME TWELVE |  | 19 Be3 | Re7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G Kasparov v A Karpov |  | 20 Bd5 | c6 |
| Ruy Lopez |  | 21 Be6 | Nf8 |
| 1 e4 | 95 | 22 Bg4 | a5 |
| 2 Nf3 | Nc6 | 23 Rac1 | Ng6 |
| 3 Bb5 | a6 | 24 Bh 5 | Rc8 |
| 4 Ba4 | Nf6 | 25 Bg4 | Rb8 |
| $50-0$ | Be7 | 26 Qc2 | Rc7 |
| 6 Re1 | b5 | 27 Qf5 | Ne7 |
| 7 Bb3 | d6 | 28 Qd3 | Nd5 |
| 8 c3 | 0-0 | 29 Bd2 | c5 |
| 9 h 3 | Nd7 | 30 Be6 | Nb6 |
| 10 d 4 | Bf6 | 31 dxc5 | dxc5 |
| $11 \mathrm{a4}$ | Bb7 | 32 Qxd8+ | Rxd8 |
| 12 Na3 | exd4 | 33 Bf4 | Re7 |
| $13 \mathrm{cxd4}$ | $\mathrm{Na5}$ | 34 Ng5 | Bd5 |
| 14 Ba 2 | b4 | 35 Bxd5 | Rxd5 |
| 15 Nc4 | Nxc4 | 36 Rxe7 | Bxe7 |
| 16 Bxc4 | Re8 | 37 Re1 |  |
| 17 Qb3 | Rxe4 | Draw agree |  |
| 18 Bxi7+ | Kh8 | SCO | 6-6 !??! |

CHESS CARTOON COMPETITION, NOVI SAD, YUGOSLAVIA


GRAND PRIX WINNER
CRIHANA FLORIAN DORU, ROMANIA

## IOCAL NEWS

Peter Stuart has notified us of the death of Dr A J (Jim) Henderson on 8th June 1990. He was a longtime member of the Auckland Chess Club and Centre and was also a founder member of the North Shore club in 1956. One of the characters of the Auckland chess scene, Jim was quite a strong player but we have none of his games - for many years he indulged in a ritual screwing up of his scoresheet at the end of each game, win lose or draw!

## HOWICK-PAKURANGA

The club champs have been completed for 1990 and the A grade was a virtual repeat of last year with Graham Walden sneaking past Paul Spiller with his last game win over David Notley. Jim Porter took out the B grade.

A grade: G Walden 8.5; P Spiller 8; K Williams, D Notley 5.5; A Booth, C Stott, J Bojtor 4.5; D Lark 4; C Strevens, S Price 3.5; H Webber 3.

B grade: J Porter 10.5; S Varga, M Kirkman 9.5; T Smith, P Slater 8.5; D Rawnsley 8; V Duzuuov 7; D Beattie, S Staykov 6.5; J Finke 4.5; R Spiller, B Staples 4; D Rogers 3; M Pattinson 0 .

## D Notley v G Walden

1 Nf3 t5 2 g3 Nf6 3 c4 d6 4 d4 c6 5 Bg2 Qc7 6 d5 g6 7 0-0 Bg7 8 Nc3 0-0 9 Nd4 c5 10 Nc2 Nbd7 11 e4 Ne5 12 Qe2 fxe4 13 Nxe4 Bg4 14 f3 Nxe4 15 fxg4 Not 15 Qxe4 Bf5 16 Qe2 Bd3
winning. 15...Rxf1+ 16 Bxf1 Nf6 17 g5 Nfd7 18 Bh3 Nb6 19 Be6+ Kh8 20 b3 Rf8 21 Bf4 Nbd7 22 Rf1 Od8 White has a strong bind on the position and should strive to open the h-file. 23 h4l Qa5 24 Ne3 More active play is called for. eg 24 h 5 gxh 525 Kg 2 with the idea of Rh1 and Rxh5 threatening a sacrifice on h7. 24...Qc3 25 h5 gxh5 26 Bxd7? Nxd7 27 Nd1 Qd4t 28 Kg2 Ne5 29 Qxh5 Qe4+ 30 Qf3?? A time trouble blunder. 30...Nf3 0-1
C Strevens v J Bojtor
1 e4 052 Nf3 Nc6 3 Bc4 Bc5 4 c3 Nf6 5 d4 exd4 6 0-0 0-0 7 e5 Ne4 8 Bd5 Nxf2 9.Rxf2 dxc3 10 Nxc3 Bxf2+ 11 Kxf2 h6 12 Ne4 Kh8 13 Kg1 Qe7 14 Bf4 Nd8 15 Qd2 c6 16 Bb3 d5 17 Ng3 Bg4 18 Bxh6 Bxf3 19 Bxg7+ 1-0
By the way, Howick-Pakuranga is hosting the congress this year. Entry forms from Derrick Lark, 39 Minaret Drive, Bucklands Beach, Auckland.

This item is actually a letter but since it concerns a former news item and includes a diagram which helps break up the text and the copy is sitting in front of the typist, here goes.
Dear Sir
In the October issue, page 108, you published the game Stuart-Smith with notes by R Smith. The double blunder at the end was inconsequential but a number of much more serious mistakes were
ignored. One, in fact, was metamorphosed into a good movel

Let's have another look, starting after White's 26th move.


Black is losing at least one of his queenside pawns so seeks (and finds) strong counterplay on the other wing.
26... 5527 e3 After 27 Nxc5? f4 28 Nxe6 Black wins by 28 ..fxg3 29 fxg3 Ne3. 27...f4 28 exf4 Bd4 29 Rxe6! Black's attack threatens to rapidly get out of hand after 29 fxg 3 Ne3. 29...Bxf2+ 30 Kh1 Qxe6! Forced but adequate. Instead 30...Bxg3 loses to 31 Qxg4. 31 Bd5 Qxd5+ 32 cxd5 Rbe8 33 Rb1! Yes, this is a queen sac too, Robert. It also is forced as $33 \mathrm{Qb3}$ loses to 33...Re1+ 34 Kg 2 Rg1+ 35 Kf 3 Re 8 ! $36 \mathrm{~d} 6+\mathrm{K} 8 \mathrm{l}$ White was now in severe time trouble which no doubt influenced Black in his decision to continue the attack now rather than head for the probably drawn ending by $33 \ldots$ Re1+. $33 \ldots$ Bxg3!? 34 Qb3 Rxf4 35 Nxc5 Ne3? Correct was 35.... He 236 d6+ Kh8 37 Ne4 with unclear play. The time scramble was
now mutual. 36 Ne6? White could have gained the advantage by 36 Ne4 (or d6+ followed by 37 Ne4) which disrupts Black's attacking forces. 36...Rxh4+ 37 Kg1 Rh2 38 Rb2?? This was played simply to avoid the threatened perpetual check by Rg2-h2 etc. The aim was certainly achieved but not quite in the preferred manner. Instead 38 Qc3 or 38 Qxb7 leave Black with no option but to take the draw. 38...Rc8 39 Rb1 Rcc2 40 Nf4 The only way to avoid being mated. 40...Bxf4 41 d6+ Kh7?? It is interesting that the October issue gave Kg 7 here. The lack of question marks suggests that was intended by the annotator yet the move played was certainly Kh7 as shown on the signed scoresheet (Black's copy). 42 Qxb7+?? As it turned out only the quality of the game suffered as White failed to comprehend the difference between the expected Kg 7 and the actual Kh 7 . Obviously, 42 Qf7+ wins immediately. 42...Kh6 43 d7 Rhg2+ 44 Oxg2 Rxg2+ 45 Kh1 Bc7 46 Rc1 Rh2+ 47 Kg 1 Bb6? 48 Rb1? Rg2+ 49 Kh1 Rd2 50 Rxb6 Rxd3 51 Rb3 Rd1+ 52 Kh2 Ng4+ 0-1.

## WELLINGTON

Harbour City won the Giltrap Cup (between Hutt Valley clubs) and Wellington beat Civic so they met in the inaugural Claptrap Cup which turned out to be an indecisive draw. (HC players first) Dive beat Sarfati, Noble beat Dunn, Marner beat Lezard, Van Der Hoorn lost to $E$

Frost, Collins lost to Rupasinghe, Turner lost to Powell, Monrad beat Grainger and Stracy lost to Tesn.

The Civic club champs are still in progress and it is not only the B grade that produces interesting games. Tony Jordan found Russell Dive in a waffling mood and silenced him with a few deft strokes. Jordan's maiden annotation!

## T Jordan v R Dive

1 c4 e5 2 g3 Nc6 3 Bg2 Nf6 4 Nc3 Bb4 5 e4 Botvinnik's formation which is more usually employed against lines with g6. 5...d6 6 Nge2 Bg4 7 h3 Be6 8 d3 Oc8 9 a3 Bxc3 10 bxc3 Nh5 11 g4 Nf6 12 Ng3 h6 1314 exf4 14 Bxf4 Qd7 15 Rb1 0-0-0 Black has wasted time in the opening with Qd8-c8-d7 and Nf6-h5-f6. 15...0-$0-0$ and Black's next are perhaps somewhat optimistic. $160-0 \mathrm{~h} 5$ ?! 16...Na5 was suggested as a way of slowing White's queenside attack. 17 g5 Ng8 18 Nf5! Nge7 If $18 \ldots . . . g 6$ 19 Qa4 gxf5 20 ext5 Bxf5 21 Rxb7 or 18...Bxf5 19 exf5 Qxf5 20 Qa4 etc. 19 Qa4 a6


20 Rxb7l Kxb7 21 Rb1+ Ka7 22 Be3+ Nd4 23 Bxd4+ c5 24 Qa5 Nc6 If 24...cxd4 25 Qb6+Ka8 26 Nxe7 (threatening Qxa6 followed by Qc6, ed). 25 Qb6+ Ka8 26 Qxa6+ Na7 27 Nxd6! Bxh3 27...Bd5 28 Bxc5 Rb8 29 Rxb8 Rxb8 30 cxd5. 28 Rb7 1-0.

Wellington Chess League intends entering the Bledisloe Cup (what format?). They also wish to look at grand prix type events, rapid chess and even talk of rating rapid events!

We wish these new organisers every success and hope they can achieve an increase in numbers of chessplayers. That is what we really need.

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## NORTH SHORE OPEN

The 17th North Shore Open on $8 / 9$ September lacked sponsorship but nevertheless offered over $\$ 1500$ in prizes. A slightly disappointing turn-out would have meant a sizeable financial loss were it not for a generous donation from club member Stephen Moore.

Three current national representatives in Russell Dive (the 1989 winner), Paul Garbett and Robert Smith looked likely to dominate the tournament with an in-form Roger Nokea keeping them honest. The score-table gives the bare round-byround results which indeed show that the above-mentioned four players played the leading role. The table does not appear to be a good advertisement for the Swiss pairing system since none of the top four finishers met in individual games. This came about largely because of Michael Freeman's upset win over Garbett in the final round, that well-deserved victory coming after Freeman had tarted with three eminently forgettable draws on the Saturday. What did he do on Saturday night?

The top-board game in the last round saw Dive defeating Smith. At an earlier stage Smith looked to perhaps be getting on top with a clear spatial advantage. Dive, however, managed his clock better and soon Smith's position began to look over-extended; it gradually disintegrated as his time evaporated.

While it cannot be denied that Dive and Nokes deserved their joint victory, the next three rounds would certainly have proved interesting! In particular Garbett, who met the strongest possible field, could have looked forward to them with confidence.

|  |  | Club | Rtg | R. 1 | R. 2 | R. 3 | R. 4 | R. 5 | Pts | SCS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Dive R.J. | CI | 2310 | +9 | +12 | =5 | =7 |  |  |  |
| 2 | Nokes R.I. | NS | 2288 | +15 | $+13$ | $=5$ $=6$ | $=7$ $=5$ | +6 | 4 | $13{ }^{14 \frac{1}{2}}$ |
| 3 | Freeman M.R. | NP | 2086 | $=17$ | $=16$ | $=12$ | + +13 | + + | 31 | 13 |
| 4 | Tuffery P.B. | NP | 2016 | +18 | -5 | $=16$ | +12 | +14 | 31 | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 5 | Garbett P.A. | NS | 2282 | +8 | +4 | $=1$ | $=2$ | -3 | 3 | 18 |
| 6 | Smith R.W. | WT | 2196 | $+11$ | =7 | $=2$ | +8 | -1 | 3 | 17 |
| 8 | Fitzpatrick S.P. | WT | 2041 | $+20$ | $=6$ | +10 | =1 | -2 | 3 | 14 |
| 9 | Ion G.J. | NS | 1907 | -5 | +11 | $+14$ | -6 | +13 | 3 | 13 |
| 10 | Hopewell N.H. | AC | 2075 | -1 $=16$ | $=18$ +17 | +17 | +16 | $=10$ | 3 | $11 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 11 | Wheeler B. | AC | 1891 | $=16$ -6 | +17 | -7 +19 | +18 | $=9$ +18 | 3 | $10 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 12 | Reynolds C.P. | NS | 1677 | -6 +14 | -8 | +19 $=3$ | +17 | +18 | 3 | 10 |
| 13 | McNally I. | AC | 1922 | +14 | -1 | $=3$ +15 | -4 | 8 | 24 |  |
| 14 | Robinson J.P. | WT | 2014 | -12 | +19 | +15 | -3 +15 | -8 | 2 | 131 |
| 15 | Cater J.E. | AC | 1909 | -12 | +19 | -8 | +15 | -4 +19 | 2 | 12 |
| 16 | Metge K.M. | PT | 1804 | $=10$ | +20 $=3$ | -13 $=4$ | -14 | +19 | ${ }_{1}$ | $\stackrel{9}{151}$ |
| 17 | Elliott D.B. | NS | 1822 | = $=3$ | -10 | -4 | -11 | -12 +20 | $1{ }_{1}^{1 \frac{1}{2}}$ | $15 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 18 | Okey K.M. | NP | 1698 | -4 | =9 | +20 | -10 | -11 | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | $12 \frac{1}{12}$ |
| 19 | Boyd D.J. | NS | 1609 | -13 | -14 | -11 | +20 | -15 | 12 | 12. |
| 20 | Mitchelf R.S. | - | 1749 | -7 | -15 | -18 | -19 | -17 | 0 |  |

Chris Stott, a Howick-Fakuranga juntor, won the B-grade with $4 y / 5$ and was followed by Julius Bojtor, Stewart East, Geoffrey Gill, Barry Hooton and Geoffrey Sullivan on 4 points.
ELLIOTT - FREEMAN, Sicilian Najdorf:





NOKES - SMITH, Irregular Opening:
 Qb3 c6 10 Be3 Nbd7 11 Nbd2 Qb8 12 axb5 cxb5 13 h3 $0-0 \quad 14$ Nh4 Nc5 15 Qc2 Qc7 16 Nb 3 Rac8 17 Kh 2 Nxb 318 Qxb3 Na7 19 Radl Nc5 20 Qa2 Qe7 21 Rfel Qe6 22

 Ke2 Rds, $\ddagger$ - 4.
HOPEWELL - FITZPATRICK, Alekhine Defence:



14 Qd 2 f6 $\quad 15$ Nd 3 Bg4 16 f 3 fxg $5 \quad 17$ fxg 4 Bxd $4+18$ Khl Kh8 19 Nxe5


 Rxd2 fxd2 40 Be4 Na4 41 b3 Nxc3 42 Bc6 exbl 43 axb3 a5 44 Bd7 Kc2 45 Be6 Nb
 Kc5 53 Ke4 Kc4 $54 \mathrm{~h} 4 \mathrm{Kc} 3 \quad 55 \mathrm{~h} 5$ ? TTime trouble rears its ugly head. White draws with 55 Ke 5 ! gxh4 56 gxh4 Nf3+ $57 \mathrm{Kf6}$ Nxh 458 Kg 7 winning the last pawn/ $55 .$.
 Kg8 Ne4 63 KfB Nd6 $64 \mathrm{~h} 6 \mathrm{Kg} 6,0-1$.
It is hard to believe that Black gets enough compensation for his sacrificed material in the following game. Anyway Russell wasn't able to find a wining line with the clock ticking.
dIVE - Fitzpatrick, Queen's Pawn:







freeman - garbett, sicilian Sozin


 23 e5 d5 24 Bd4 gds 25 Nd1 Nc6 26 c 3 Nxd4 27 cxd4 f5 28 Ne3 b5 29 axb5 axb5



## NORTH SHORE CLUB CHAMPIONSHIPS

Roger Nokes came out of hibernation and played very determinedly indeed to score fairly convincting victory in the 1990 North Shore Club Championship which ended in September. The decisive encounter occurred two monchs earlier in round 2 when Paul Garbett allowed Nokes a dangerous fintifative which the latter converted to a winning position by the adjournment. Eeter Stuart was an undefeated but distant third

Scores: 1 R.I.Nokes $10 \frac{1}{2}$; 2 P.A.Garbett $9 \frac{1}{2}$; 3 P.W.Stuart 8; 4 G.J.lon 7; 5 R. Hart 6; 6 D.J.Evans 52; 7 P.B.Wetr 5; 8-9 R.A.Feasey \& G.L.Pitts 4: 10 D.J. Boyd 312 ; 11-12 B.G.Emett \& P.R.Snelson $1^{1 / 2}$

The other grades featured much closer scoring with just $t^{2}$ points separating the cop seven in the B-grade. Russ Brownlee won with $7 / 10$ while Richard Steel and Winsome Scretch scored 62. Bob Johnstone, Grahan Mears and Pat Spencer-Smith were next on 6 the C-grade saw a four-way tie for first place with David Langley, Alexts Shead Geoffrey Sullfuan and Leon Talalc all scoring $\frac{1}{2} / 10$

The club lightaing Champlonship, held the following week, was won by Mathew Sarlow with a near-pertect $10_{2} / 11$. Ralph tart looked likely to equal that acore but suffered an upset loss at the hands of Philip Hair to finish on $9 \frac{1}{2}$. The other scores: 3 C.L.PItts 9; 4-5 K.A.Feasey \& G.J.Ion 5ly; 6-7 D.J. Boyd \& P.B.Weir 5; 8-9 P.I. Hair \& W.Leonhardt $4 \frac{1}{2}$; $10-11$ D.J.Evans 8 C.W.Meats $3 ; 12$ b.Rubinil.

## IENKINS TROPHY

In a reversal of last year's result North Shore regained the Jenkins Trophy by defeating holder Howtck-Pakuranga at the latter's clubroms on 25th September. The score was 13-7.

Scores (North Shore namea first): P.A.Garbetr the E.M.Creen, P.W.Stuart l-0 G.J. Walden, P.B.Wetr 1-0 P.S.Spiller, R.Hart 1-0 D.G.Notley, t.J. Ion tr-t R.Taylor, M.J. Barlow 1-0 K.Williams, D.B.f.llfott 1-0 J.Benson, D.J.Evans 0-1 C.Stotr, G.L.
 S.Price, B.G.fmett 0-I H.Webher, J.S.Mathteron 1-0 G.Porter. R.B.Johnstone 1-0 S.Varga, G.W. Mears 0-1 V.Uzunov, P.L.Hair l-0 P. Raldwh, B.Rublni 0~1 P.Shater, M.K.Morrison 1-0 B.Staples, C.f Sullivan 1-0) S. Staveme

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Owner's name is included in source code works on hard, floppy and memory disks
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mport ant moti; pl. sconeaook does not calculate on recomueno moves to make. it is legal FOR USE WN USCF AND ICCF POSTAL OEESS TOURNAMENIS.


## UPPER HUTT LABOUR WEEKEND

## By Chris Bell

On the 18 th October a lovely understatement in the Evenigy Post quated To Onfs, Eell a saying that the A grade of the General Motors Labour weekend event with one entry, was locking marginat Next day the orgarusers had just enough players to run both advertised grades

Arguably the major event of Round one was the arrival of Anthony Ker and Alan Aidridge 59 minutes late! The former overcarne this handicap by exploiting a book trap(?) in the Altsir Countergambit essayed by Donal O'Boyle while the latter could nol contain KO (Osric) Mooi's lively Centre Counter game.

Ker repulsed Mooi's over-agressive play in the second round while Jonathan Sarfati and Mark Noble drew a Sicilian in just 16 moves!
(With the road to first place clearly defined, Ker beat Sarfali in his usual Benko, Nobie with a Caro-Kann and Philip Monrad with precision, ed)

Michael Schwass looked momentarily in difficulty against Ricardo Paino in the first round of the B grade but then mowed down his opponents with ease.

A grade: A Ker 5; M Noble 3.5; J Sarfati. D OBoyle 3, M Post 25; P Monrad 2; K Mooi 1, Aldridge 0 . B grade $M$ Schwass 5; $W$ Ramsay 4; $P$ Cunningham 3: R Paino I Farrington o Webber J Frederikson 2
A Ker v D O'Boyle
Aibin Countergambit

 Kxc7 18 Qxa7+Ka6 19 NC3 Qc4 20 Ne4 + Ke5 21 Rac1 Od5 22 Nxg5 Rd7 23 RC7 RXC7 24 QxC $\mathrm{K} 6625 \mathrm{Ql} 4+\mathrm{Kg} 626 \mathrm{Nf} 3 \mathrm{Nh} 627 \mathrm{Ne} 5+\mathrm{Kh5} 28 \mathrm{~g} 4+\mathrm{Nkg} 429 \mathrm{OXg} 4+\mathrm{Kh} 630 \mathrm{Qh} 4+\mathrm{I}-\mathrm{O}$

## M Noble v M Post

Benoni

- d4 Nf6 2 c4 c5 3 Nc3 e6 4 d5 exa5 5 cxd5 d6 6 Nf3 a6 7 a4 Qc7 8 g3 Be7 9 Bg2 0-0 10 0-0 Bg4 11 Be3 Bxi3 12 Bxf3 Nbd7 13 Rc1 Ne5 14 Bg2 Nc4 15 Bf4 Nh5 16 e3 Nxf4 $17 \mathrm{gxf4}$ Qd7 18 b3 Na5 19 Be4 f5 20 Bc 2 b 521 Qd 2 b 422 Ne 2 Bf 623 Qd 3 g 62413 Rfc 25 e 2 c 426 bxc 4 fxe4 27 fxe4 Nxc4 28 Bb3 Nb2 29 Qg3 Nxa4 30 e5 Bg7 31 Rc6 Qa7+ 32 Kh1 Nc5 33 Qe3 Ro8 34 Bc4 Qe7 35 Rxc5 Kh8 36 Rc6 dxe5 37 Nd4 Qa7 38 fxe5 Re8 39 Rxa6 Qc5 40 Rc6 Qa7 41 Re6 Recs 42 Qd3 Qc7 43 Nb5 Qxc4 44 Re8+ Rxe8 45 Qxc4 Rxe5 46 Nd6 Kg8 $47 \mathrm{Nf7} \mathrm{Re} 348 \mathrm{ab}$ Rc3 49 $\mathrm{Nn6}+1-\mathrm{O}$.


## A Ker v J Sarfati

Benko Gambit
$1 \mathrm{~d} 4 \mathrm{~N} / 62 \mathrm{c} 4 \mathrm{c} 53 \mathrm{~d} 5 \mathrm{~b} 54 \mathrm{cxb} 5 \mathrm{a} 65 \mathrm{bxa} 6 \mathrm{~g} 66 \mathrm{~g} 3 \mathrm{~d} 67 \mathrm{Bg} 2 \mathrm{Bg} 78 \mathrm{Nf} 3 \mathrm{Bxa} 69 \mathrm{Nc} 3 \mathrm{Nbd} 7100-0$ Nb6 11 Re1 0-0 12 e4 Nfd7 13 Qc2 Nc4 14 Bg5 n6 15 Bf4 Qas 16 Rac1 Rfb8 17 D 3 Nce5 18 Red1 Nzxi3 +19 Bxf3 Ne5 20 Be 2 Bxe 221 Qxe2 Na7 22 Na4 Qb5 23 Rd2 Oxe2 24 Rxe2 Ne5 25 $8 x e 5$ Bxe5 26 Rc4 Ra6 27 Kg 2 Bd 428 f 4 Kf 829 e5 Rbas 30 Kf 3 R 8 a 731 Ke 4 Ra 32 Kd 3 Ra 8 $33 \mathrm{Nb} 6 \mathrm{R} \mathrm{a} \mathrm{a} 34 \mathrm{Na} 7+\mathrm{Ke8} 35 \mathrm{Nb} 8 \mathrm{Ra8} 36 \mathrm{Nc} 6 \mathrm{Rxa} 237 \mathrm{Nxd} 4 \mathrm{cxa} 438$ Rxa2 Rxa2 39 Rc2 Ra1 40 Kxd4 Ra1+ 41 Kc4 dxe5 42 fxe5 Rel 43 Kd4 Ral +44 Kc5 Re1 $45 \mathrm{Kc6}$ Rb1 46 Rc3 Kd8 47 Rf3
 $\mathrm{Kd} 7 \mathrm{Rb} 256 \mathrm{Rh} 7+\mathrm{K} 1857 \mathrm{Kc} 7 \mathrm{Rc} 2+58 \mathrm{Kd} 7 \mathrm{Rb} 259 \mathrm{Rh} 7+\mathrm{K} 8860 \mathrm{Rxe} 7 \mathrm{RxD} 661 \mathrm{Re} 6 \mathrm{Rb} 562 \mathrm{~d} 6$ $\mathrm{K} 1763 \mathrm{Re} 3 \mathrm{Rd} 564 \mathrm{Rf} 3+\mathrm{Kg} 765 \mathrm{Ke} 6 \mathrm{Rd} 166 \mathrm{~d} 7 \mathrm{Re} 1+67 \mathrm{Kd} \mathrm{Rd} \mathrm{Rd}+68 \mathrm{Ke} 7 \mathrm{Re} 1+69 \mathrm{Ka8} \mathrm{~g} 570$ Rís Kg671 RC5 1-0.

## P Monrad n D O'Boyle

Latvian Gambit
1 e4 e5 2 Nf3 f5 3 Nxe5 Nf6 4 Bc4 Qe7 5 d4 d6 6 Nf7 d5 7 Nxh8 dxc4 8 e5 Nd5 9 Qh5 + g6 10 Nxg6 hxg6 11 Qxg6+ Qf7 12 Qxf7+ Kxf7 13 Bd2 Be6 14 0-0 Nc6 15 c3 Be7 16 f4 Rg8 17 R/3 b5 18 a3 Na5 19 Be1 Nb3 20 Ra2 Nc1 21 Ra1 Nd3 22 Bg3 Nxb2 23 Ra2 Nd3 24 a4 b4 25 cxb4 N5xD4 26 Rd2 Nc6 27 R2xd3 cxd3 28 Rxd3 Nxd4 29 Nc3 Rd8 30 Kh 1 Ne2 31 RxdB Nxb3+ 0-1.

## M Moble v A Ker

Caro-Kann
1 e4 c6 2 d4 d5 3 Na2 dxe4 4 Nxe4 Nf6 5 Nxi6+ gxi6 6 Bc4 Bf5 7 Ne2 668 Nt4 Nd7 9 Qh5 Bb4+ $10 \mathrm{c3}$ Qe7 $11 \mathrm{Kd1}$ 0-0-0 $12 \mathrm{cxb4} \mathrm{Ne5} 13 \mathrm{Be} 2 \mathrm{Rxd} 4+14 \mathrm{Kel}$ Qxb4+ $15 \mathrm{Kt1} \mathrm{Rxf4} 16$ Qh6 Re4 17 Qxf6 Rg8 18 Be3 Nc4 19 a3 Nxe3+ 20 fxe3 Qc5 0-1.

## M Schwass v R Paino

King's Indian Attack
1 e4 c5 2 Ni3 d6 3 d3 N16 4 Nbd2 Nbd7 5 g3 e6 6 Bg2 Be7 $70-00008$ Re1 Ng4 9 h3 Nge5 10 Nxe5 Nxe5 $11 \mathrm{f4} \mathrm{Nc} 612 \mathrm{c} 3 \mathrm{f} 613 \mathrm{Qg} 4 \mathrm{Ba7} 14 \mathrm{~h} 4 \mathrm{d5} 15$ exd5 exd5 $16 \mathrm{Bxd5}+\mathrm{Kh} 817 \mathrm{Qe} 2 \mathrm{Bg} 418$ Bf3 Bxi3 19 Qxf3 f5 20 Nc4 R16 21 Ne5 Qc7 22 Nxc6 Rxc6 23 Be3 Rg6 24 n5 Rg4 25 Bf2 Bd6 26 Kh1 Qf7 27 Kg 2 Qxh5 28 Rh1 Qg6 $29 \mathrm{Kf1}$ Rb8 30 Re1 b6 31 Qd5 Ra8 32 Re6 Bc7 33 Qc6 Qf7 34 d4 cxd4 35 cxd4 Qd7 36 Qxd7 1-0

## CHESS BY CORRY <br> By Bill Cox

The following game is taken from Roy Devault's column 'Reader's Games' in The Chess Correspondent, published by the Correspndence League of America. White improvises a gambit which is not totally new, but unusual

## Jack Meyer y Jack Evans

1 Nf3 d5 2 c4 c6 3 g3 More usual is 3 b3 to counter 3..dxc4 3 ... dxc4 4 Bg2 Nf6 5 Qc2 White has a couple of options: 5 a4 Be6!? $60-0$ Ba5 7 Nc3 e6; or 5 Na3 b5 6 Ne5 Nd5 7 d3 cxd3 8 Qxd3 e6, this line leading to equal play in ECO. With the text, White enters into a gambit. 5 ... b5 And Black is in a mood to hold the pawn for a while. $60-0$ New territory, as far as I can determine. Book is $6 \mathrm{~b} 3 \mathrm{cxb3} 7 \mathrm{axb3} \mathrm{Bb} 78 \mathrm{Ba3}$ unclear, Djindjikashvali-Bagirov USSR 1972. 6 ... e6 7 Rd1 Bd6 8 d3 cxd3 9 Rxd3 Bb7 10 Bf4 There is no particular promise in 10 Nc3 Qc7 11 Bg5 Nbd7 12 Rad1 Be7. 10 ... Nd5 11 Bxd6 Qxd6 12 Qd2 Ge7 13 a3 The immediate 13 e4 Nb4 is awkward for Wnite. 13 ... 0-0 14 Nc3 e5' 1504 Nc7 Bound for d4. 18 Rd1 Ne6 17 Nh4 9618 Bh3 Nd4 19 Ne2 c5 Black is just a pawn up with a good game. 20 Qes 1621 Ng2 Nec6 22 if Nxe2+ 23 Oxe2 Nd4 24 Nxf4 Oxet 25 Re3 Qh1 +26 Kf2 Qxh2+ 27 Resigns.
Our correspondent has difficulty getting local games. Meanwhile, Peter King sent this twin.
T Stephens v P King TT Class 2
104 e5 2 Nf3 Nf6 3 Nxe5 d6 4 Nf3 Nxe4 5 d4 d5 6 Bd3 Bd6 $70-00-08$ C4 Bg4 9 cxd5 f5 10 Nc3 Nd7 11 h3 Bh5 12 Nxe4 Ixe4 13 Bxe4 Nf6 14 Bf5 Khs 15 g4 Be8 16 Ng5 Nxd5 17 Ne6 Qh4 18 Qb3 Rxi5! 19 gxf5 Bc6! Threat 20 Qe4, 21 Ne3, 22 mate. 20 Re1 h6 21 Bd2 N16 22 Re2 Qh5 23 Qd3 Bf3 24 Re3 Qxh3 Draw agreed
Again from move 20 Q Hoskyn y $P$ King TT Class 2
20 f4 Ne7 21 Bd2 Bd5 22 Qd3 Ots 23 Raci Nxf5 24 Nxc7 Qg6+ 25 Kl2 Gg2+ 26 Ke1 Bxc7 27 Rxc7 Ng3 27 Re8+ may be better. 28 Re7 Nxi1 29 Qxf1 Qg3+ 30 Q12 Oxh3 31 Bc3 h6 32 Kd2 Qg4 33 Bb4 Rcs 34 a3 Bb3 Draw agreed.

## BOOK REVLEWS

People interested in chess history are in for a double treat from McFarland publishers: a book on each of the two chess genii involved in the most bitter chess rivalry in history. The feud between between Capablanca and Alekhine lasted 15 years, from their marathon World Championship Match until Capa's death in 1942. The Karpov-Kasparov feud is a mere Sunday School squabble by comparison.

Capablanca: A Compendium of Games, Notes, Articles, Correspondence, Illustrations and Other Rare Archival Material on the Cuban Chess Genius Jose Raul Capablanca, 1888-1942
by Edward Winter.
$349+x$ pages. Hardback. McFarland.
This book is not supposed to be a biography. Rather, the author has compiled much biographical material which has not previously been published in the many books on Capablanca. Mr Winter is well known for his scholarly approach to chess matters. This book is an example - it avoids the problem, all too common in chess literature, of unsubstantiated stories, by providing exact references.

The main interest of the book is the quantity of Capa's own writings. The best are his own notes, which have not previously appeared in collections of his games, to a number of his famous games. These notes should benefit most players. Capa's annotating style may be inferred from his criticism of critics who "normally analyse a given number of moves, simply saying, if he plays this, the other player plays that' etc., with no conception of the plan, within which, it might be said, the moves are incidental." There are also some instructive lecture notes, tournament reports, and opinions worth noting on his contemporaries.

Readers may also be interested in the correspondence documenting Capa's quarrels with his predecessor as world champion, Emmanuel Lasker (and their mutual admiration), as well as Capa's fruitless attempts to arrange a return match with his successor, Alekhine. Certainly Alekhine was not willing to select his opponents because they were the best players available.

One chapter of the book is concerned with Capa's worry about the "draw death" of the present rules, and his suggestions to enlarge the board and add new pieces. There is the score of a game of "double chess" (192 squares) he won against Maróczy in 1929.

A brilliant game by the Cuban maestro, with his own notes:
J R Capablanca - A Ribera, Barcelona 1935, Caro-Kann:
1 e4 c6 2 Nc 3 d 53 Nf 3 dxe4 (this move seems inferior to Nf6. The Caro-Kann Defense is based on bringing out the queen's bishop, and any maneuver which results in that piece not being brought out goes against the fundamental principles of the opening) 4 Nxe4 Nd7 (Now the queen's bishop could have been developed in the spirit of the defense, but this would result in its being exchanged for one of the knights, with a loss of time for Black. Nevertheless that procedure would have been preferable, since it would have developed Black's game. After the text move Black's QB remains trapped in for some time) $5 \mathrm{~d} 46 \mathrm{Ngf6}$ e6 $7 \mathrm{Bd} 3 \mathrm{Be} 780-0 \quad 0-0$ (Although Black has a rather cramped position, it is difficult to see how White can take advantage of his strong, free position. Perhaps 9 Ne5 should be played now) 9 Qe2 c5 10 Rdl Qc7 11 Bg5 b6 (an error which costs the game. Black should probably have played 11 ... h6 to dislodge the white bishop and free the knight on f6) 12 d5! Nxd5 (the only move to avoid the loss of at least a pawn) 13 Bxe7 Nxe7 14 Bxh7+ Kxh7 15 Ng5+ Kg8 16 Rxd7 Qxd7 (The alternative, Bxd7 would be no better. For example, $16 \ldots$ Bxd7 17 Qh5 Rfe8 18 Qxf7+ Kh8 19 Rel, and Black has no defense against White's many threats) 17 Qh5 Rd8 18 Qxf7+ Kh8 19 h4 Qe8 20 Nh5 Qf8 21 Nf6! Ng8 22 Qh5 +1 - 0 (There is no defense against 23 Qg6).

## A Alekhine: Agony of a Chess Genius

by Pablo Moran; edited and translated by Frank X. Mur
$314+x i v$ pages. Hardback. McFarland.
The word "Agony", explains the author, is of Greek etymology and means "struggle". The book is about Alekhine's struggle with loneliness, poverty, alcoholism, and the allegations of Nazi collaboration, in the last 2-3 years of his life, which were spent in Spain and Portugal.

The author has tried to publish every game Alekhine played during that period - there are nearly 150 in the book. A number of games are excellent, but others are feeble, suggesting that he would have lost his World Championship to Botvinnik, if he had not died first. There is also some of the anti-Semitic propaganda which appeared under his name during World War 2, and articles on whether he was responsible for it.
Alekhine - Pita et al., Petrov Def.: 1 e4 e5 2 Nf3 Nf6 3 d4 Nxe4 4 Bd3 d5 5 Nxe5 Qf67 6 O-0 Bd6 7 Nc3 Nxc3 8 bxc3 0-0 9 Qh5 g6 10 Qh6 Bxe5 $11 \mathrm{Bg} 5!!\mathrm{Qg} 712$ dxe5 Qxe5 $13 \mathrm{Rfel} \mathrm{Qxc} 314 \mathrm{Be} 7!$ (stronger than 14 Qxf8+ Kxf8, 15 Bh6+ Qg7! which is difficult to win) Re8 15 Bb4 Qc6 16 Bc3 f6 17 Bxf6 1-0.

J D Sarfati, FM

## OUR MAN IN IONDON

## From Leonard McLaren

The British Championship, Eastbourne, 30th July-11th August, was an 11-round swiss of 74 players. Leading scores: Plaskett 9/11; Hodgson 8.5; Mestel 8; Adams, King, Emms, Speelman 7.5. Mark Noble and I each scored 5/11.

## L Cooper (2270) v L McLaren

 French Defence1 e4 e6 2 d4 d5 3 Nd2 c5 4 dxc5 Bxc5 5 Bd3 Nf6 6 Qe2 0-0 7 Ngf3 Nc6 8 c3 Qc7 9 0-0 b6 10 e5 Nd7 11 Bxh7+?! Kxh7 12 Ng5+ Kg6! 13 Qd3+ f5 14 Nxe6 Qxe5 15 Nxf8+ Nxf8 16 Nf3 Qe4 17 Qd2 Ne5 18 Qg5+ Kf7 19 Qh5+ Kg8 20 Ng5 Qg4 21 Qe8 Bd6 22 Qd8! Nd7 23 Qe8! Ba6? 24 Qf7+? Kh8 25 Qxd5 Bxf1 26 Ni7+ Kh7 27 Ng5+ Kh8 28 Nf7+ Kh7 29 Ng5+ Kh8 Draw.
The Lloyds Bank Masters, London, 18-27 August, was an international open of about 230 players. Top scores: Conquest, Adams, Sturua 8/10; Gallagher, Kaidamov, Levitt, Nunn, Suba 7.5. Murray Chandler was arnong those on 7. Mark Noble and I scored 5.5/10 while Stephen Lukey got 4.5.

## L McLaren v M Baldauf (2280)

 Alekhine1 e4 Nf6 2 e5 Nd5 3 c4 Nb6 4 d4 d6 5 exd6 exd6 6 Nc3 Be7 7 Bd3 Nc6 8 Be3 d5? A blunder, losing a pawn for virtually no compensation. 9 c5 Nc4 10 Bxc4 dxc4 11 Qa4 0-0 11...Be6 12 d5.

12 Qxc4 Qd7!? 13 Ni3 b6 14 0-0 bxc5 15 dxc5 15 d5!? 15...Rb8 16 b3 Rb4 17 Qd5 Qe8 18 Rfe1 Be6 19 Od2 Bf6 20 Rad1 Qa8 21 Nd5 Bxd5 22 Qxd5 a5! A good try for counterplay. 23 Bd2 Rd8 24 Qh5 Rbb8 25 Bg5 25 Ng 5 is also possible though Black could try 25 ...Bxg5 hoping for a good knight versus bad bishop ending! 25...Rxd1 26 Rxd1 Rd8 27 Re1 Rd5 28 Qg4 28 Qh4? Rxg5. 28...Ne5 29 Nxe5 29 Qe4!? 29...Rxe5 30 Rxe5 Bxe5 White has maintained his won game but drifts rather badly. 31 Qf3 31 c6 h6!? 32 Qd7! 31...c6 31...Qe8. 32 Qf5 Bc3 33 Od3 Bb4 34 Qd8+ Qxd8 35 Bxd8 f6 36 Kf1 Kf7 37 Ke2 Ke6 38 f 3 ? 38 Kd3 keeps some winning chances by containing the Black king. eg $38 \ldots$... $\times \mathrm{Cc} 59$ Bxc5 Bxf2 or $38 \ldots \mathrm{Kd} 539$ a4 Kxc5? $40 \mathrm{Be} 7+$. 38...Kd5 39 Bb6? 39 Kd3 with a probable draw. 39...Kd4 Now Black has excellent winning prospects. 40 Kd1 Ke3? Wrong way! $40 \ldots \mathrm{Kc} 3$ is very strong. 41 Kc 2 Kf2 42 Kb2 Kxg2 43 a3 Bd2 44 Bxa5! Bxa5? 44...Bf4! 45 b4 Bc7 46 a4 Kxf3 47 a5! Perhaps Black had expected 47 b 5 ? cxb5 48 axb 5 47...Bxh2 The Black king is a move late after 47 ...Kө4 48 a6 Bb8 49 b5 Kd5 50 b6. 48 a6 Bb8 49 b5 cxb5 50 c6 h5 51 a7 Bxa7 52 c7 Bd4+ $53 \mathrm{Kc} 2 \mathrm{~g} 554 \mathrm{c} 8=\mathrm{Q} \mathrm{g} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ last try would be to try to construct a fortress with 54...Be5, though, in that case, White could infiltrate on the light squares. $55 \mathrm{Qf5}+\mathrm{Kg} 256$ Qd5 + Kh2 57 Qxd4 1-0

## OVERSEAS NEWS

## By Peter Stuart NM

TILBURG
The 14th Interpolis tournament was in the by-now familiar eight-player double round-robin format. Although lacking the two World Championship contenders the field included five of the world's top ten. Among them was the young Gata Kamsky, ranked eighth on the latest rating list but yet without a title! He has had most of his success in open events so the dramatic exa title! He has had most of his success in open events so the dramatic tent of his rapid rise has gone largely unnoticed. If anyone had doubts
about whether he would handle a super-GM round-robin as successfully they about whether he would hand
were soon to be dispelled.
were soon to be dispelled.
Kamsky took sole possession of the lead in round four and enjoyed a full point lead over Ivanchuk at the half-way stage with a score of $5 \frac{1}{1} / 7$. Only in the last round did Vassily Ivanchuk catch up by defeating Predrag Nikolic with the black pieces while Kamsky drew with his compatriot Yasser Seirawan, also with the black pieces.
Nigel Short could have made it a three-way tie had he won his final game against Jan Tinman; he, however, also had the black pieces and fell victim to a smothered mate on move 29 allowing Boris Gelfand to sneak into a clear third placing. The tournament was category 16 with an average Elo of 2643.

|  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Kamsky | USA | 2650 | $\times \mathrm{x}$ | $\frac{1}{2} 1$ | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2} 0$ | 10 | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | 1 | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ | $8 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 2 | Ivanchuk | USR | G 2680 | $\frac{1}{2} 0$ | $\times \times$ | 10 | $\frac{1}{2} 1$ | 11 | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2} 1$ | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | $8 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 3 | Gelfand | USR | G 2680 | $0 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\pm 1$ | $\times \times$ | 10 | $0 \frac{1}{2}$ | 11 | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2} 1$ | 8 |
| 4 | Short | ENG | G 2610 | 11 | ${ }_{1}^{2} 0$ | 01 | $\mathrm{x} \times$ | 10 | 12 | 1 | $\pm 1$ | 71 $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 5 | Timman | NLD | G 2660 | 01 | 00 | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | 01 | $\times \times$ | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ | $0 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2} 1$ | $6 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 6 | Andersson | SWE | G 2630 | $0 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ | 00 | 11 | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{1}$ | $\times \times$ | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2} 1$ | $6 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 7 | Nikolic | YUG | G 2600 | $0 \frac{1}{2}$ | 10 | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ | $0 \frac{1}{2}$ | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ | $\times \times$ | $\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{2}$ | 6 |
| 8 | Seirawan | USA | G 2635 | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ | $0 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{2} 0$ | $\frac{1}{2} 0$ | $\frac{1}{2} 0$ | $\frac{1}{2} 0$ | $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$ | $\mathrm{x} \times$ | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ |

KAMSKY - GELFAND, Sicilian Najdorf:
1 e4 c5 2 Nf3 d6 3 d4 cxd4 4 Nxd4 Nf6 5 Nc3 a6 6 g3 e5 7 Nde2 Be7 8 Bg2 b5 $9 \quad 0-0 \mathrm{Nbd} 710 \mathrm{~h} 3 \mathrm{Bb} 711 \mathrm{~g} 4 \mathrm{~b} 4 \quad 12 \mathrm{Nd} 5 \mathrm{Nxd5} \quad 13$ exd5 a5 14 Ng 3 g 6 15 Bh6 Bg5 16 Ne4 Bxh6 17 Nxd6+ Kf8 18 Nxb7 Qb6 19 d6 Bf4 20 c4 Rb8 21


TIMMAN - IVANCHUK, Queen's Indian Defence:
 Qc2 d5 9 Ne5 c5 10 dxc5 bxc5 11 Nb 3 a5 12 cxd5 exd5 13 Bf4 Qb6 14 Rad1 Re8 $15 \mathrm{Nd} 2 \mathrm{Bf} 8 \quad 16$ e4 $\mathrm{q} 5 \quad 17$ exd5 $\mathrm{gxf4} 18 \mathrm{Ndc} 4 \mathrm{Qa} 6 \quad 19 \mathrm{gxf4} \mathrm{Nbd} 7 \quad 20 \mathrm{Rd} 3$ Bg7 21 Rg3 Nf8 $22 \mathrm{f5}$ Nh5 23 Rg4 Qf6 24 f 4 Rad8 $25 \mathrm{d6} \mathrm{Bc} 8 \quad 26$ Be4 Nxf4 $27 \mathrm{Rfxf4} \mathrm{Rxe5} 28 \mathrm{Nxe5}$ Qxe5 29 Rf2 $\mathrm{Kh} 8 \quad 30 \mathrm{Rfg} 2 \mathrm{Bxf5} \quad 31 \mathrm{Rxg} 7 \mathrm{Ng} 6 \quad 32 \mathrm{R} 7 \times \mathrm{g} 6$

 $\mathrm{Kf6} 45 \mathrm{Kc} 3 \mathrm{Ke5} 46 \mathrm{b4}$ axb4+ 47 axb4 cxb4+ $48 \mathrm{Kxb4} \mathrm{Kd4}, 0-1$.
SHORT - KAMSKY, Caro-Kann:


 Rxh4 $\mathrm{Ng} 4 \quad 22$ Re1 Rag8 $23 \mathrm{~g} 3 \mathrm{c} 5 \quad 24 \mathrm{Nd} 2 \mathrm{c} 4 \quad 25 \mathrm{Bc} 2 \mathrm{f} 5 \quad 26$ exf6+ Ngxf6 27 Nf3 Rh5 28 Rxh5 Nxh5 $29 \mathrm{Kf} 2 \mathrm{Kd6} 30$ Ne5 Ndf6 31 Bdl Ng7 $32 \mathrm{~g} 4 \mathrm{Rb} 8 \quad 33$

Ef3 b5 34 axb5 Rxb5 35 Re2 a 4 36 h4 a3 $37 \mathrm{bxa3}$ Rb3 38 Re2 Rea3 39 h5
 46 his Kfe 47 Radt Ndes 48 Ng4 Nag4 49 Bxg4 Re? 50 Ke5, 1-1.
GELFAND - SHORT, Dutch Defence
1 d4 e6 2 c4 f5 3 Nc3 Nf6 4 e3 d5 5 Bd3 c6 6 h3
 b4 12 Na 4 bxa3 $13 \mathrm{bxa3} \mathrm{Ne} 414 \mathrm{Nf} 3 \mathrm{Qa} 5+\quad 15 \mathrm{Kfl} \mathrm{Nc} 7$ $16 \mathrm{Nb} 2 \mathrm{Ba} 617 \mathrm{Nc} 4 \mathrm{Qd5} 18 \mathrm{Rg} 1 \mathrm{fxg} 419 \mathrm{Rxg} 4$ [Diagram] $19 . . \mathrm{Ng} 3^{3}+20 \mathrm{Rxg} 3 \mathrm{Bxg} 3 \quad 21 \mathrm{Kg} 2 \mathrm{Bh} 422$ e4 Oh5 23 Nxh4 Qxh4 24 Be3 RfG 25 Rhl Raf8 26 Rhz Rxf2+ 27 Bxf2 Qxf2+ 28 Kh1 Qelt, 0-1.


SEIRAWAN - TIMMAN, King's Indian Defence:
1 d4 Nf6 2 c4 g6 3 Nc3 Bg7 4 e4 d6 5 Be2 $0-0 \quad 6 \quad \mathrm{Bg} 5$ h6 7 Be3 c5 8 dxc5 Qa5 9 Qd2 dxc5 10 Bxh6 Rd8 11 Qe3 Bxh6 12 Qxh6 Nxe4 13 Rcl Nc6 14 Nf3 Nd4 15 h4
 Kf2 Rd2+ 21 Kg 3 [Diagram]
21...RxgZ $22 \mathrm{Kxg} 2 \mathrm{Qb} 2+23 \mathrm{Kg} 3 \mathrm{Nh} 5+24 \mathrm{Qxh} 5 \mathrm{gxh} 5$ $25 \mathrm{Nd5} \mathrm{Kf} 826 \mathrm{Rcd} 1 \mathrm{e} 627 \mathrm{Nf} 4 \mathrm{Ke} 728 \mathrm{Rh} 2 \mathrm{Qe5} 29$ Rhd Qc7 $30 \mathrm{Nxff} \mathrm{Rg} 8+31 \mathrm{Ng5}$ Rxg5+ $32 \mathrm{hxg} 5 \mathrm{~h} 4+33 \mathrm{Kf} 2$ Qxf4 $34 \mathrm{Rd7}+\mathrm{Ke} 8 \quad 35 \mathrm{Rd} 8+\mathrm{Kf} 7 \quad 36 \mathrm{R1d7}+\mathrm{Kg} 6 \quad 37 \mathrm{Rg} 8+$ Kh5 $38 \mathrm{Rdg} 7 \mathrm{Qd} 2+39 \mathrm{Kgl} \mathrm{Qel}+0-1$.
KAMSKY - TIMMAN, Ruy Lopez:
1 e4 e5 2 Nf3 Nc6 3 Bb5 a6 4 Bă 4 Nf6 $50-0$ Be7 6 Rel b5 7 Bb3 d6 8 c 3
 exd5 Qxd5 16 Bg5 Qc6 17 Nf5 h6 18 Bd2 e4 19 dxe4 Nxe4 20 a 4 b4 21 cxb4 Nc4 22 Bc3 cxb4 23 Bd4 Rad8 24 Rel Nxb2 25 Bxe4 Rxe4 26 Rb3 Rxelt 27 Rxel Nc4 $28 \mathrm{Ne7}+\mathrm{Bxe7} 29$ Rxe7 Rxd4 $30 \mathrm{Rxb} 7 \mathrm{Qxb7} 31 \mathrm{Nxd4}$ Qd5 $32 \mathrm{Nf} 3 \mathrm{a5}$ 33 h 4 Qe4 34 Qdl Ne5 35 Nxe5 Qxe5 36 h 5 Qb8 37 Qb3 Qd6 38 Qf3 Qb8 39 Qb3 Qb7 40 g 3 Qe 441 Qdl Kh7 $42 \mathrm{Kh} 2 \mathrm{Qc} 443 \mathrm{Qbl}+\mathrm{Kg} 844 \mathrm{Qdl}$ b3 45 Qd8+ Kh7 46 Qxa5 QC2, $0-1$.
ANDERSSON -- SHORT, Slav Defence:
1 Nf3 d5 2 d4 Bf5 3 c4 e6 4 Nc 3 c6 5 Bf4 $\mathrm{Bd} 6 \quad 6$ Bg3 Ne7 7 e3 $0-0 \quad 8$ Nh4 h6 9 Qb3 b6 10 Bxd6 Qxd6 11 Nxf5 Nxf5 12 Bd3 Nh4 13 0-0 Nd7 14 Rfd1 f5 15 Racl Kh8 16 Qa3 Qxa3 17 bxa3 g5 18 Rd2 Ng6 19 a4 Rf6 20 Rb2 dxc4 21 Bxc4 e5 22 Rd2 exd4 23 Rxd4 Nc5 24 Rcdl Re8 25 Rd8 Rxd8 26 Rxd8 +Kg 7 $27 \mathrm{Bb} 3 \mathrm{Nf8} 28 \mathrm{Ne} 2 \mathrm{Nfe6} 29$ Rc8 $\mathrm{Nxb3} 30$ axb3 c5 31 Nc3 Rf8 32 Rc6 Rd8 33

 Kd3 Rxg2 46 a5 Rxh2 $47 \mathrm{Rb} 7+\mathrm{Kd} 848 \mathrm{a} 6 \mathrm{Ra} 249 \mathrm{a} 7 \mathrm{Nc} 7 \quad 50 \mathrm{Nc} 3 \mathrm{Ra3} 51 \mathrm{Ke} 4$ g3 $52 \mathrm{Kf} 3 \mathrm{Ral} 53 \mathrm{Kxg} 3 \mathrm{Kc} 8 \quad 54 \mathrm{Rb} 8+\mathrm{Kd} 755 \mathrm{Nb} 5 \mathrm{Kc} 656 \mathrm{Kf} 3 \mathrm{Nd} 5 \quad 57 \mathrm{a} 8 \mathrm{Q}$ Rxa8 58 Rxa8 Kxb5 59 e4 Nc7 60 Rh8 c4 61 Ke3 Ne6 62 Rxh6 Nc5 63 Kd4, 1-0.
NIKOLIC - TIMMAN, Queen's Indian Defence
1 d4 Nf6 2 c4 e6 3 Nf3 b6 4 g3 Ba6 5 b3 d5 6 cxd5 Nxd5 7 Bg2 Be7 8
 $\begin{array}{lllllllllllll} & \text { Nxe5 Bxe5 } 15 \text { dxe5 Qe7 } 16 \text { e4 c6 } 17 \mathrm{Rel} \mathrm{Rfd} 818 \text { exd5 cxd5 } 19 \text { Rxc8 Bxc8 }\end{array}$ 20 Qcl Nc5 21 Bxc8 Nd3 22 Qc3 Nxel 23 Ba6 d4 24 Qxel d3 25 Bc3 Qd7 26 Bd2 b5 27 Qe4 Qd5 28 Qxd5 Rxd5 29 f4 g5 $30 \mathrm{Kf} 2 \mathrm{gxf4} 31 \mathrm{gxf4}$ Re5 32 Ke3 Rc6 33 Bxb5 Rh6 $34 \mathrm{f} 5 \mathrm{Rh} 3+35 \mathrm{Kd} 4 \mathrm{Rxh} 2 \quad 36 \mathrm{Kxd} 3 \mathrm{Kg} 7,1-0$.
GELFAND - KAMSKY, Grdnfeld Defence:
1 d4 NfG 2 CA g6 3 Nc3 d5 4 cxds Nxo5 5 e4 Nxc3 6 bxes bg? 7 Nf3 of 3

Rb1 0-0 $9 \mathrm{Be} 2 \mathrm{cxd4} 10 \mathrm{cxd4}$ Qa5t $11 \mathrm{Bd} 2 \mathrm{Qxa} 2120-0 \quad$ Qe6 13 Qc2 Qc6 14 Qd3 Qd6 15 Bb4 QdB 16 Qa3 Nc6 17 Bc5 Bxd4 18 Nxd4 Nxd4 19 Bxe7 Nxe2+ 20 Khl Qe8 $21 \mathrm{Bxf8}$ Qxf8 22 Qe3 a5 23 Qxe2 a4 24 Rb 5 Qe7 25 Ral Be6 26 e5 a3 $27 \mathrm{Qf} 3 \mathrm{a} 228 \mathrm{Qxb} 7 \mathrm{Qd} 829 \mathrm{h3} \mathrm{Rc} 830 \mathrm{Rb} 2 \mathrm{Qg} 531 \mathrm{Rbxa} 2 \mathrm{Rcl}+32 \mathrm{Rxcl}$ Qxcl+ $33 \mathrm{Kh} 2 \mathrm{Bxa2} 34 \mathrm{Qa} 8+\mathrm{Kg} 735 \mathrm{Qxa} 2 \mathrm{Qf} 4+36 \mathrm{~g} 3$, $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$.

## NEW YORK

A blend of young masters and experienced grandmasters competed in the Watson, Farley \& Williams tournament during September. The category 11 event was won by Danish veteran Bent Larsen (55) in a close finish from Greek GM Vasilios Kotronias
Scores: 1 GM Larsen 61; 2 GM Kotronias 6; 3 GM Speelman (ENG) 51 ; 4-6 IM Fishbein (USA), IM Frias (USA) \& GM King (ENG) 5; 7 GM Hodgson (ENG) $3 \frac{1}{2}$; 8-9 GM Mednis (USA) \& IM Wolff (USA) 3; 10 GM Averbakh (USR) 2i.

## KOTRONIAS - KING, Caro-Kann Defence:

1 e4 c6 2 d4 d5 3 e5 Bf5 4 Nc3 Qb6 5 Bd3 Bxd3 6 Qxd3 e6 7 Nge2 Nd7 8 $0-0$ Ne7 9 a4 c5 10 a5 Qc6 11 dxc5 Nxe5 $12 \quad$ Qg 3 N5g6 13 Nd4 Qxc5 14 Be3 e5 15 Ndb5 Qc6 16 a6 b6 17 Radl d4 18 Qh3 Nc8 19 Bxd4 Nd6 20 Rfel Nxb5 21 Bxe5 Be7 22 Nxb5 0-0 23 Nd4 Qc5 24 b4 Qc4 25 Nf5 Bxb4 26 Qh6, $1-0$ SPEELMAN - LARSEN, Sicilian Defence:
1 e4 c5 2 Nf3 Nc6 3 Bb5 e6 4 0-0 Nge7 5 Nc3 Nd4 6 Nxd4 cxd4 7 Ne 2 a 6
 $15 \mathrm{Ng} 3 \mathrm{~h} 5 \quad 16 \mathrm{c} 3 \mathrm{~h} 4 \quad 17 \mathrm{cxd4} \mathrm{Nxd4} 18 \mathrm{Qcl}+\mathrm{Bc} 6 \quad 19 \mathrm{Qc} 3 \mathrm{hxg} 3 \quad 20$ Qxd4 Qxd4+ 21 Bxd4 Rxh2 22 fxe6 fxe6 23 Rael Bd6 24 Rxe6 Rh4 25 Bf6 Bb8 $26 \mathrm{Bf5} \mathrm{Ba} 7+$ $27 \mathrm{Re} 3+\mathrm{Bd} 728 \mathrm{Bxg5} \mathrm{Rc} 429 \mathrm{Bxd8} \mathrm{Kxd8} 30 \mathrm{Bxd7} \mathrm{Kxd7} 31 \mathrm{Rf7}+\mathrm{Kc} 6{ }^{2} 32 \mathrm{Kfl}$ Bxe3 33 dxe3 Rc3 34 a4 Rxe3 $35 \mathrm{Rf} 6+\mathrm{Kd} 7 \quad 36 \mathrm{Rf} 7+\mathrm{Ke} 6 \quad 37 \mathrm{Rxb} 7 \mathrm{~d} 4 \quad 38 \mathrm{Rb} 8$ Kd5 $39 \mathrm{t5}$ axb5 40 axb5 d3, $0-1$.

## PANNO v QUINTEROS

Miguel Quinteros has been absent from the international tournament scene for several years due to a playing ban imposed by FIDE following his repeated visits to South Africa. In the recent match against fellow Argentine GM Oscar Panno he took a two-point lead after four games in the best of ten clash but, after a draw in game 5, he lost the next four games to give Panno a $5 \frac{1}{2}-34$ victory.

## POLGAR MATCHES

At Corfu in September the three Polgar sisters played a Scheveningen system match against a Greek team of three. The sisters enjoyed a 30 -point advantage in average rating but won the encounter surprisingly easily, $11 \frac{1}{2}-6 \frac{1}{2}$. Judit scored $4 \frac{1}{2} / 6$ while Zsuzsa and Zsofia scored $3 \frac{1}{2}$. On the Greek side GM Skembris scored $3 \frac{1}{2}$ while GM Kotronias and IM Grivas made $1 \frac{1}{2}$
Subsequently, at Novi Sad, the Polgars gained a $10-8$ victory over a Vojvodina team comprising GM Popovic (3/6), IM Rakic (3) and Drazic (2). The Polgar scores were: Judit \& Zsofia 3ì and Zsuzsa 3.

## FIDE NEWS

The 61st FIDE Congress will be held at Novy Sad in November-December. No longer do delegates vote merely for individual officers. Each of the three Presidential candidates this year is supported by nominations for Executive

Deputy President, General Secretary and Treasurer. There will also, of course, be other elections for Continental Deputy Presidents, Executive Council members, Zonal Presidents, etc.
There are three candidates for President. Florencio Campomanes is standing for a third term and his ticket includes Alexander Matanovic (editor of Chess Informant) as Deputy President, Georgios Makropolis (Greece) as General Secretary and Willy Iclicki (Belgium) as Treasurer. The Puerto Rican nominee Narciso Rabell Mendez is supported by GM Lothar Schmid (Germany), GM Yuri Averbakh (USSR) and M.Zein El Sadat (Egypt) while the third ticket comprises Roman Toran (Spain) for President, Rafael Tudela (Venezuela), Andrzej Filipowicz (Poland) and Walter Baumgartner (Switzerland).
The three Baltic republics Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania have all applied for re-entry to FIDE mainly on the basis that they never left except by the illegal occupation of their countries following the infamous MolotovRibbentrop agreement in 1939. The Soviet Chess Federation points out that a country can only have one federation affiliated to FIDE and it is that federation.
Also on the agenda is a proposal to restructure the two Asian zones citing the huge area and population of the present zones, the number of new countries which have joined FIDE in recent years, and the significant increas in playing strength. Five new zones are suggested including a South West Pacific Zone comprising Australia, Fiji, New Zealand and Papua-New Guinea.

## CLUB DIRECTORY cont

WELLINGTON CC meets Saturdays from 5 pm St Peter's Church, Willis Street. Contacts: Ted Frost, secretary, 17 Croydon Street, Karori 764-098, Tim Frost. president 763-541 (H) or 801-8000 (B). NELSON CC meets Thursdays 7.30 pm at 2 Shakespeare Walk. Contacts, John Van Ginkel 48-287 or Chris Hinkley, Tasman 817. Visitors welcome.
CANTEREURY CC meets Wednesdays 7.00 pm at the clubroorns, 227 Bealay Avenue Christchurch. Phone 663-935 (clubrooms). Contact. Michael Rocks, 42 Brockworth Place Riccarton, phone 480-154
ASHBURTON CC meets Moncays 7 ,30pm (Feb-Oct inclusive), Room R5, Ashburton College Watnut Avenue. Contact, Roy keeling 86-936 or Stephen Taylor 85-761. Postal address: PO Box 204, Ashburton.
rimaru cc meets Wednesdays at 7 pm Watling Intermediate School. Contact: A (Ashley) J Shewan, Fairview RD2, Timaru.
OTAGO CC meets Wednesdays and Saturdays 7.30 pm at 7 Maittand Street, Dunedin. Phone 776-919 (clubrooms) Contact. Arthur Patton, 26 College Street. Dunedin, phone 877-414 invercarcill cc meets Tuesdays 7.30 pm at Stafl Room, South Scnool, Ness Street Contact. Robert Mackway Jones, phone 64-747 or Allan McCall, phone 82-204
NEW ZEALAND CORRESPONDENCE CHESS ASSOCIATION. PO BOX 3278. Wellington Local and overseas play. Contact. J W (Sandy) Maxwell, phone 367-68?

## CLUB DIRECTORY

Details of the advertising rates for this page can be found on the inside front cover.
AUCKLAND CHESS ASSOCIATION, contacts: President, Ewen Green, phone 412-9701; Secretary, Nigel Hopewell, 78 Old Mill Road, Grey Lynn, Auckland 2.
AUCKLAND CHESS CENTRE meets Mondays 7.15pm (toumament and casual play) at 17 Cromweil Street, Mt Eden, Auckland. Phone 602-042 (clubrooms). Contact: Martin Dreyer, 22a Manawa Road, Remuera, Auckland. Phone 5222-781.
DEVONPORT CC meets Tuesdays 7.30 pm at the Methodist Church Hall, Owens Road, Devonport. All welcome. President, Philip Hair, phone 458-673; Secretary, David Shead, phone 456-175. Postal address: 18 Grove Road,. Devonport.
HOWICK-PAKURANGA CC meets Tuesdays 7.30 pm at Howick Bridge Club, Howick Community Complex. Contact, Derrick Lark, 39 Minaret Drive, Bucklands Beach. Phone 534-1114 NORTH SHORE CC meets Wednesdays 7.30 pm (tournament and casual play) in the Northcote Community Centre, cnr College Road/Ernie Mays Street, Northcote. Postal address: PO Box 33-587, Takapuna. Contact, Peter Stuart, phone 456-377. Visitors welcome.
PAPATOETOE CC meets Wednesdays 7-11pm at St George's Anglican Church Hall, Landscape Road, Papatoetoe. Contact, G Banks, phone 279-8170 or J McRae, phone 278-4520 evenings.
WAITEMATA CC meets Thursdays 7.30pm at Kelson West Community Centre, cnr Great North and Awaroa Roads. Postal address: PO Box 69-005, Glendene, Auckland 8. Contacts, Ben savage, phone 818-2301, Bob Smith, phone 818-4113.
HAMILTON CC meets Thursdays 7 pm at Hamilton Bowling Club, Pembroke Street, Hamilton. Contact, Len Whitehouse, 165 Galloway Street, Harnilton, phone 69-582.
TE AWAMUTU CC meets Wednesdays 7.30 pm at Federated Farmers Building. Carlton Street, Te Awamutu. Contact: President, Roman Novak (0871) 6165 (home) 4536 (bus); Secretary, Mark Gulliver 7825.
ROTORUA CC meets Thursdays 7.30pm in the Salvation Army Hall, Old Taupo Road, Rotorua Secretary: Percy Margolin, 64 Turner Drive, Rotorua Phone Rotorua 83-415.
NEW PLYMOUTH CC meets Tuesdays 7.30pm at clubrooms, 11 Gilbert Street, New Plymouth. Contact, President, Errol Tuffery, phone 82-626 New Plymouth.
MOUNT MAUNGANUI CC meets Tuesdays 2pm and Thursdays 7pm at the Hillier Memorial Centre, Gloucester Road, Mt Maunganui. Contact, Barney Sullivan phone 56-793.
TAUPO CC meets Mondays 7.30 pm at "Lakewood", 5a Fletcher Street, Taupo. Contact, Joanne Rae, phone 83-285
HASTINGS/HAVELOCK NORTH CC meets Wednesdays 7pm at the Library, Havelock North -High School, Te Mata Road, Havelock North. Contact, Mike Earle, phone 776-027.
PALMERSTON NORTH CC meets Tuesdays 7.30 pm at Palmerston North intermediate School Ferguson Street, Palmerston North. Contact, President, John Chapman, phone 80-337; Secretary, Mark Brimble, phone 84-947.
KAPITI CC meets Thursdays 7.30 pm at Block E, Kapiti College, Margaret's Road, Raumati Beach. Contact, Glenys Mills (Sec), 179 Te Moana Road, Waikanae. (058) 34-991.
UPPER HUTT CC meets Mondays 7.45 pm at Fraser Crescent School Hall, Redwood Street Upper Hutt. Contact, Anton Reid, 16 Hildreth Street, Upper Hutt, phone 288-756.
HUTT VALLEY CC meets Tuesdays 8 pm at Hutt Valley intermediate School, south end entrance off Kauri Street. Contact, Derek Wong Nam, phone 673-297.
HARBOUR CITY CC meets Wednesdays at the Central Bowling Club, end_of Roxburgh Street Petone. Contact, Peter Collins phone 646-764 or Gavin Marner, phone 648-401. Postal address, 54 Kowhai Street, Wainuiomata.
CIVIC CC meets Tuesdays, 7.30 pm at Turnbull House, Bowen Street, Wellington, Contact, Russell Dive, 14 Burnton Street, Lower Hutt, phone 666-090.

